SinterCast

Annual Report 2021

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- Notes: This document is an unofficial translation of the official Swedish Annual Report The Director's Report, pages 20-32, includes the Corporate Governance Report (pages 24-32) Pages 19 and 33-71 conform to IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards)

SinterCast supplies process control technology and solutions for the reliable high volume production of Compacted Graphite Iron (CGI). The SinterCast technology measures and controls the molten iron before it is cast into moulds, thus reducing scrap, conserving energy and ensuring cost-effective series production in the foundry. The primary application of CGI is in engines used in passenger vehicles, commercial vehicles and industrial power applications. The SinterCast technology reduces energy consumption and waste during the manufacturing phase and increases fuel efficiency throughout the lifetime of the vehicle, providing improved transport solutions with significant CO₂ savings.

SinterCast promotes CGI within the foundry and end-user communities to increase the overall market opportunity for CGI and to define the forefront of CGI development, production and application. SinterCast also develops and promotes novel technologies beyond the core CGI market, including tracking and traceability solutions and other precision measurement products that bring improved control, profitability and energy efficiency to the foundry industry. These focused activities will provide long-term benefits for foundries, end-users, shareholders, and society.

Compacted Graphite Iron is a form of cast iron that provides at least 75% higher tensile strength, 45% higher stiffness, and approximately double the fatigue strength of conventional grey cast iron and aluminium. In engine applications, the use of CGI enables the production of smaller, more efficient, more performant, and more durable engines with reduced fuel consumption, lower carbon emissions and less noise.

Tracking Technologies: With our background in precision measurement in the demanding foundry environment, SinterCast has expanded its technical offering to include a suite of traceability solutions that enable foundries to track ladles, sand cores, moulds and castings. These technologies provide the ability to measure every step of the foundry process, and to use these measurements to determine and implement corrective actions that resolve the root cause of defects and process bottlenecks. The Tracking Technologies, including SinterCast Ladle Tracker[®] and SinterCast Cast Tracker[®], can be applied to foundries and to other metallurgical facilities such as steel mills and heat treating plants.



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Dr. Steve Dawson President & CEO

CEO Message

Following the Covid impact of 2020, we entered 2021 with a reminder that things weren't guite back to normal yet. Series production started the year 20% below our pre-Covid volume, but promptly fell 25% behind as February brought the combined challenges of severe winter storms that suspended our production in Mexico and the onset of the semiconductor crisis. It was a challenging start. But my overall reflection of 2021 is as a year of real pace. Our foundry and OEM customers scrambled to produce as much as they could, and we in the supply community scrambled to support them. We continued our commitment to technical leadership, investing more than 15% of our revenue in R&D, releasing 23 new software versions and implementing 20 new process improvements. We honoured all of our commitments for new installations and on-site support. And, by the end of the year, we were only 6% behind our pre-Covid volume, posting our best December on record. In hindsight, I think we made about as much out of 2021 as we could.

supply of semiconductors. The undivided alignment of these positive factors has unfortunately been burdened by war in the Ukraine, but we maintain our outlook to break the monthly four million Engine Equivalent milestone in 2022 and we maintain our ambition to reach the five million milestone in 2024.

Over the past fifteen years, SinterCast has delivered 15% compounded annual growth and we will continue to deliver double-digit growth in the years ahead. The bulk of this growth will come from commercial vehicles, where OEMs need CGI to achieve the required increases in engine loading, engine efficiency, fuel economy and pulling power to satisfy emissions legislation and to reinforce diesel's position as the best overall solution for long haul commercial vehicles. Today, more than 95% of heavy-duty commercial vehicles in Europe and the Americas rely on diesel Most industry analysts expect diesel's engines. domination to continue well beyond 2030, enabling SinterCast to grow in the near-term and to benefit from sustained high volume production in the long-term.

Our growth opportunity extends beyond Europe and the Americas. China is introducing equally stringent emissions legislation and, facing the same challenges, Chinese commercial vehicle OEMs are embracing the same solutions. Following the start of our collaboration with FAW in 2010, with the installation of a Mini-System 3000 in their research foundry, we are now poised to begin series production of a new 16 litre cylinder block, using the System 4000 *Plus* that was installed in their new foundry complex during 2020. As China's largest commercial vehicle OEM, FAW produces more commercial vehicles than either Europe or North

Today, more than 95% of heavy-duty commercial vehicles in Europe and the Americas rely on diesel engines. Most industry analysts expect diesel's domination to continue well beyond 2030, enabling SinterCast to grow in the near-term and to benefit from sustained high volume production in the long-term.

After two fallow years, I prefer to look forward. Our series production will realise a step-growth with the pending start of production of two new commercial vehicle engines, at Scania in Sweden and at First Automobile Works (FAW) in China. And we will also grow with the combined effects of the continuing economic recovery; with the application of our current engines in new vehicles; with the industry's need to rebuild vehicle inventories; and, with the improving America, providing additional long-term growth opportunities for SinterCast.

Electrification continues to receive considerable attention and it will continue to make in-roads in the market. We're not immune, but we do have a strong position. SinterCast-CGI engines are used in large vehicles: 10% of our production is for full-size pick-up trucks; 40% is for super duty pick-ups; and, 40% is for



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heavy duty commercial vehicles. It will take many years before electrification will be able to deliver the driving range, pulling power and total cost of ownership needed to establish a significant presence in these applications. In the meantime, SinterCast will benefit from growth and society will benefit from our contribution. Our technology doesn't enable the production of engines; our technology enables the production of better, cleaner engines. develops alternative technologies that offer the potential for zero emissions in the future, we make big contributions to big volumes of big vehicles – today.

Ultimately, our confidence in the future led to the Board's proposal for an increased ordinary dividend of SEK 4.50 per share, continuing our established track record of distributing 100% of the operating result. The Board also proposed an extraordinary dividend of SEK

While the industry develops alternative technologies that offer the potential for zero emissions in the future, we make big contributions to big volumes of big vehicles – today.

On average, the SinterCast-CGI diesel engines in Super Duty pick-up trucks save approximately 1,000 litres of fuel per year compared to the petrol engine alternatives. This saving corresponds to approximately 2.5 tonnes of CO₂ per year, per truck. And our technology is used to produce more than 1,000 of those engines every day! Our technology also contributes to the reduction of CO₂ emissions during the manufacturing phase in the foundry and during the onroad use phase for passenger vehicles and commercial vehicles. We estimate that our technology enabled the reduction of more than one million tonnes of CO₂ in 2021, and approximately nine million tonnes since our first engine was cast in 1999. While the industry 0.5 per share to further reduce our liquidity. The total dividend proposal of SEK 35.5 million will increase our cumulative distribution to our shareholders to SEK 243 million since our first dividend was provided in 2010.

Benefits to our shareholders, benefits to our customers and benefits to society. That is the business that our technology and our team have built.

Dr. Steve Dawson President & CEO



Launched on 18 January 1999, the consumable SinterCast Sampling Cup reached the One Million Milestone in January 2016. Following record shipments of 207,800 Sampling Cups in 2021, the Two Million Milestone was reached in March 2022. Unique in the industry, the SinterCast Sampling Cup is the only thermal analysis device made of steel, the only thermal analysis device with a reusable thermocouple, and the only thermal analysis device that obtains a sample by being immersed into the molten iron. The SinterCast Sampling Cup is the subject of 28 current national patents.

Two Million Milestone



CGI Business Model

SinterCast sells or leases the hardware, leases the process control software, sells the sampling consumables, and charges a running Production Fee for each tonne of CGI castings produced using the SinterCast technology. Revenue is also derived from spare parts, customer service, field trials and sales of test pieces. The individual components of the CGI business model are described as follows:

- System 4000 Hardware Platform: The System 4000 can be configured to suit the layout and process flow of any foundry. Typical sales prices are €400,000-600,000 for the full System 4000 or System 4000 *Plus*, and €75,000-125,000 for the Mini-System 4000, depending on the configuration and installation requirements. Lease options are also available.
- **Process Control Software**: The software applies the metallurgical know-how and provides the operating logic for the System 4000 hardware. SinterCast charges an Annual Software License Fee and retains ownership of the software.
- **Sampling Consumables**: The consumables consist of the Sampling Cup and the Thermocouple Pair. One Sampling Cup is consumed with each measurement. The Thermocouple Pair is re-used for up to 250 measurements. One SinterCast measurement is required for each production ladle.
- **Production Fee**: A running fee is levied for each tonne of shipped castings, based on the as-cast (premachined) weight. There are 20 Engine Equivalents (50 kg each) per tonne.
- **Technical Support**: SinterCast provides engineering service for product development, trials, new installations, calibrations, metallurgical consultancy, and ongoing customer service.

The total running fees (sampling consumables, software licence and Production Fee) depend on the ladle size and the casting yield. The SinterCast business model is highly scalable, allowing profitability to rise as the installed base grows and as more products enter series production. Full-year series production in 2021 was 3.1 million Engine Equivalents. SinterCast has the ambition to break the monthly four million milestone in 2022 and to reach the five million milestone in 2024.

Tracking Technologies Business Model

Introduced in 2016, the Tracking Technologies include the SinterCast Ladle Tracker[®] and the SinterCast Cast Tracker[®]. As of the end of 2021, four Ladle Tracker and two Cast Tracker systems have been installed in six foundries in five countries. The SinterCast Tracking Technologies offer the potential to provide supplemental income to the core CGI business and to enhance the technical reputation of SinterCast as a provider of innovative solutions to improve process control and profitability in the foundry industry.

- Ladle Tracker: The SinterCast Ladle Tracker measures the time and location of every ladle as it moves through the foundry. Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags are affixed to each ladle and antennae are positioned at key locations in the foundry to ensure that every ladle successfully passes every step. The Ladle Tracker technology prevents out-of-spec iron from being poured and enables foundry managers to identify bottlenecks and to implement process efficiency improvements.
- **Cast Tracker**: The SinterCast Cast Tracker provides complete traceability of the foundry process, linking the coremaking and moulding history to the liquid metal history. The traceability includes the date and time of core production (inception), shelf storage time, pouring (birth) and shake out. The Cast Tracker technology prevents out-of-spec moulds from being poured, and provides a comprehensive database for traceability, troubleshooting and process optimisation.
- Revenue Stream: As in the CGI business model, SinterCast sells or leases the Tracking Technologies hardware. Depending on the configuration and scope of the installation, the sales price may range from approximately €75,000-200,000. SinterCast charges an Annual Software Licence Fee and retains ownership of the process control software. SinterCast also provides RFID tags and labels as consumables, but the consumable volume and revenue are limited. A running fee for each casting has been established for the Cast Tracker technology, but a running fee is not applicable for the Ladle Tracker technology. The Cast Tracker running fee revenue is highly scalable, providing the potential for the Cast Tracker technology to make a material contribution as more foundries and products come on-stream.



Five Waves Status Report

Introduced in 2002, the *Five Waves* strategy continues to provide the basis for how the company views the overall market development. Benefitting from Covid recovery, full-year series production increased by 24%, from 2.5 million Engine Equivalents in 2020 to 3.1 million Engine Equivalents in 2021. However, the series production remained 6% below the full-year pre-Covid volume of 3.3 million Engine Equivalents set in 2019. The production status for each of the Five Waves, based on the full-year production rate of 3.1 million Engine Equivalents, is summarised in the following table:

Wave 1 V-Diesel Passenger Vehicle Engines in Europe	Annualised year-end production: 150,000 Engine Equivalents (7,500 tonnes) Production Summary: 5% of total volume; 15% growth in 2021 SinterCast-CGI Components: Cylinder blocks ranging from 2.7 to 4.4 litres Overview: Volume to decrease during 2020's due to emissions legislation
Wave 2 Commercial Vehicle Engines Worldwide	Annualised year-end production: 1,300,000 Engine Equivalents (65,000 tonnes) Production Summary: 42% of total volume; 48% growth in 2021 SinterCast-CGI Components: Cylinder blocks and cylinder heads ranging from 3.9 to 16.4 litres Overview: Prolonged growth opportunity as legislation motivates increased use of CGI
Wave 3 In-Line Passenger Vehicle Diesel Engines	Annualised year-end production: 550,000 Engine Equivalents (27,500 tonnes) Production Summary: 18% of total volume; 20% growth in 2021 SinterCast-CGI Components: Cummins 6.7 litre for Ram Super Duty pick ups Overview: Positive long-term outlook for Super Duty diesel sales
Wave 4 V-Diesel Passenger Vehicle Engines Beyond Europe	Annualised year-end production: 650,000 Engine Equivalents (32,500 tonnes) Production Summary: 20% of total volume; 10% growth in 2021 SinterCast-CGI Components: Cylinder blocks ranging from 3.0 to 6.7 litres Overview: Positive long-term outlook for Super Duty diesel sales
Wave 5 Passenger Vehicle Petrol Engines Worldwide	Annualised year-end production: 300,000 Engine Equivalents (15,000 tonnes) Production Summary: 10% of total volume; 3% growth in 2021 SinterCast-CGI Components: Cylinder blocks ranging from 2.7 to 3.0 litres Overview: Growth with new vehicle applications and improved semiconductor supply

Other Growth Opportunities

Automotive - Other than Passenger Vehicle Cylinder Blocks	Full-year production: 30,000 Engine Equivalents (1,500 tonnes) Production Summary: 1% of total volume; 43% growth in 2021, on low comparables SinterCast-CGI Components: Bedplates and exhaust components Overview: Volume to decrease during 2020's due to emissions legislation
Industrial Power	Full-year production: 100,000 Engine Equivalents (6,000 tonnes) Production Summary: 4% of total volume; 26% growth in 2021 Series production for: Allen Diesels, Cameron Compression, Caterpillar, Cummins, Deutz, Doosan, Federal Mogul, General Electric, Jenbacher, MAN, MTU, STX Engine and Waukesha SinterCast-CGI Components: Agriculture, marine, locomotive, off-road and stationary power Overview: Growth as off-road demands increase and new products are launched

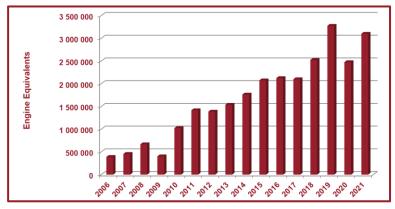


With castings ranging from 2.7 kg to 9,000 kg, SinterCast has established series production references in each of the Five Waves that were first introduced in 2002.



Market Development

Following the Covid impact in 2020, full year series production increased by 24% to reach 3.1 million Engine Equivalents, but remained 6% below the pre-Covid run-rate of 3.3 million Engine Equivalents established in 2019. The compounded average growth rate over the past 15 years is 15%.



During 2021, annualised series production began with 2.7 million Engine Equivalents in January, suppressed by the combined challenges of extended year-end shutdowns and a model-year changeover for the high-volume Ford F-150. The challenges continued in February as the onset of semiconductor shortages and severe winter storms in Mexico and Texas forced production stoppages, reducing the annualised volume to 2.5 million Engine Equivalents. However, March rebounded to 3.5 million Engine Equivalents, benefitting from pent-up demand. March also broke the string of twelve consecutive months below the three million Engine Equivalent threshold. Annualised series production remained above three million Engine Equivalents for the rest of the year with some notable highlights: July reached 3.0 million Engine Equivalents, as foundries maintained production during the traditional summer shutdown period to meet market demand, marking only the second time that the July volume surpassed three million Engine Equivalents; September reached 3.6 million Engine Equivalents, providing the third highest month on record; and, December finished at 3.0 million Engine Equivalents, marking the first time for the December volume to reach the three million Engine Equivalent threshold. Full year series production finished up 24%, with each of the individual Five Waves reporting year on-year increases.

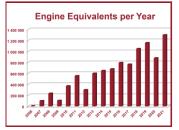
SinterCast continues to view the overall market development in terms of the Five Waves strategy that was first introduced in 2002. The Five Waves are presented in terms of the main types of engines found in the automotive sector, and the types of vehicles that the engines are used in. For each type of product, SinterCast presents the production volume in terms of Engine Equivalents, where each Engine Equivalent is defined to weigh 50 kg. Accordingly, there are 20 Engine Equivalents per tonne of castings.

Wave 1: V-Diesel Passenger Vehicle Engines in Europe



The launch of the Audi 3.3 litre V8 in 1999 provided the first ever series production reference for CGI and simultaneously provided the opportunity for SinterCast to prove its technology. From 2006 to 2019, the First Wave provided approximately 300,000 Engine Equivalents. However, with the withdrawal of the Jaguar Land Rover V6 in late-2019, and the decline in European diesel sales, the First Wave has decreased to approximately 150,000 Engine Equivalents. The First Wave has made a wonderful contribution to the development of SinterCast, but it is expected to 'sundown' during the second-half of the 2020's.

Wave 2: Commercial Vehicle Engines Worldwide



The Second Wave was again the largest single wave in 2021, with more than double the volume of the next closest Wave. Commercial vehicle volume increased by 48% in 2021: providing 1.3 million Engine equivalents; representing 42% (35%) of the total production; and, resuming the long-term growth trend for the Wave. With increasing demand for higher performance, downsizing and lower CO_2 emissions, OEMs are increasingly moving toward CGI. Commercial vehicles provide near-term growth opportunities and sustainable high volume production in the long-term.



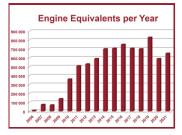
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Wave 3: In-line Passenger Vehicle Diesel Engines



The Third Wave started in 2018, with the launch of the Cummins 6.7 litre turbodiesel used in Ram Super Duty pick up applications. Popular in the Super Duty market, the Cummins engine declined by only 8% during 2020 and grew by 24% in 2021 to account for 18% of the total volume. The outlook remains positive, with near-term growth potential as semiconductor supply improves followed by prolonged diesel demand to satisfy the needs for pulling power and driving range the Super Duty sector.

Wave 4: V-Diesel Passenger Vehicle Engines Beyond Europe



The largest contributor to the Fourth Wave is the Ford 6.7 litre V8, used primarily in Super Duty pick up applications. The engine is also used in a variety of utility truck (commercial vehicle) applications, but all of the volume is accounted for in the Fourth Wave. Following a decline of 30% in 2020, the Fourth Wave recovered by 10% in 2021 to account for 20% of the total volume and remain as the second largest wave. Further recovery is expected as semiconductor supply improves and as the demand for utility truck and shuttle bus sales returns. The long-term outlook is positive, with prolonged demand for diesel engines in the competitive Super Duty sector.

Wave 5: Passenger Vehicle Petrol Engines Worldwide



The Fifth Wave started in 2013, with the launch of the Ford and Lincoln V6 petrol engines. The 2.7 litre version has become the base engine for mid-level models of the Ford F-150 pick up, America's most popular vehicle. Sales decreased from 325,000 Engine Equivalents in 2019 to 290,000 in 2020 and remained suppressed at 300,000 in 2021 due to semiconductor shortages. Currently accounting for 10% of the total production, volume is expected to increase beyond the high of 2019 as semiconductor supply improves and as new vehicle applications are introduced.

Other Growth Opportunities



Beyond the Five Waves related to the core cylinder block and head applications, SinterCast also supports the production of passenger vehicle engine components such as bedplates and vehicle exhaust components and of large castings for industrial power (rail, marine, stationary power and off-road) applications. The passenger vehicle components currently account for 1% of the total volume and are expected to 'sundown' during the second-half of the 2020's. Industrial power production grew by 26% in 2021 to account for 4% of the total volume. With new products under development, and increasing demands on performance and fuel efficiency in the off-road sector, the ambition remains for the 'other' category to continue to contribute approximately 5% as the core automotive waves grow.



Production References – Installations

SinterCast provides process control technology for CGI series production, product development and R&D activities. The SinterCast technology is currently used in 55 installations in 14 countries, with operator interaction in 11 languages.

Automated System Installations

ASIMCO International, China Caterpillar, USA Daedong Metals, Korea Dashiang Precision (2), China Döktas, Turkey Fagor Tafalla, Spain FAW Changchun, China Upgrade 2021 Federal Mogul, Sweden Hyundai, Korea Impro Industries, Mexico New 2021 Scania Classic Foundry, Sweden Scania New Foundry, Sweden SKF Mekan, Sweden Teksid Monclova, Mexico Tupy Betim, Brazil Tupy Joinville Line E0, Brazil Tupy Joinville Line C4, Brazil Tupy Ramos, Mexico Tupy Saltillo Line 3, Mexico Tupy Saltillo Line 4, Mexico VDP, Italy Volvo, Sweden WHB Automotive, Brazil Zhongding Power, China

Mini-System Installations

ASK Chemicals, USA Case Western University, USA CSIC, China Dongfeng, China Doosan Infracore (2), Korea FAW Changchun – Research, China Hyundai, Korea (Ladle Tracker) FAW Wuxi, China Ford Casting Development, USA ,021 New Grainger & Worrall, China Grainger & Worrall, UK Impro China, China Jiangling Motors, China Jönköping University, Sweden Kimura Japan, Japan Kimura USA, USA Mid-City Foundry, USA Shanxi Sanlian, China Toa Koki, Japan Total Solutions & Power, Korea Tupy Funfrap, Portugal Undisclosed (1), Japan University of Alabama, USA YTO Group, China

Tracking Technologies

Poitras, Canada (Ladle Tracker) Scania, Sweden (Cast Tracker) Tupy Line E0, Brazil (Ladle Tracker) Tupy Line 3, Mexico (Ladle Tracker), Ingrade Tupy Line 3, Mexico (Cast Tracker) 2021 >New 2021



Automated System 4000 Fully automated series production

*As of 23 March 2022



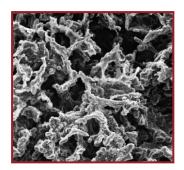
Mini-System 4000 Niche volume production, product development and R&D



SinterCast Tracking Technologies



Technical Offering



Watch the video: CGI Microstructures and Properties



Watch the video: CGI Engine Benefits



Watch the video: The SinterCast Process



Watch the video: SinterCast Ladle Tracker® SinterCast Cast Tracker®

Compacted Graphite Iron

- At least 75% stronger and 45% stiffer than conventional grey iron and aluminium alloys.
- Double the fatigue strength of grey iron and five times the fatigue strength of aluminium at elevated temperatures.
- New engines: reduce size and weight while increasing performance.
- Existing engines: improve durability and increase operating loads.
- Ideally suited for components with simultaneous thermal and mechanical loading, such as cylinder blocks and heads, exhaust manifolds and turbocharger housings.
- Used in passenger vehicle, commercial vehicle, and industrial power engines.

CGI Engine Benefits

- 10-20% lighter than grey iron engines, 10-20% increased power per litre, 75-100% improved durability, and 5-10% reduced operating noise.
- 10-20% shorter than aluminium engines. Reduced length means that all of the components that span the length of the engine are shorter and lighter. The net result is that fully assembled CGI engines can be same weight, or even lighter than, aluminium engines.

These benefits contribute to the ongoing trend toward downsizing in passenger vehicle and commercial vehicle engines – more power and improved fuel economy from smaller and lighter engine packages. Compared to aluminium, CGI is stronger, consumes less energy and generates less CO₂ during production, is more recyclable, and less expensive.

The SinterCast Process

- The SinterCast process is based on the measurement and feedforward correction of each ladle as it moves through the foundry.
- The process begins with an accurate analysis of the liquid iron conducted in the patented Sampling Cup.
- Based on the analysis, additional amounts of magnesium and inoculant are automatically added to each ladle to optimise the iron prior to casting.
- The average corrective addition of magnesium is approximately 35 grams per tonne.
- The two-step measure-and-correct control strategy eliminates variation and ensures costeffective CGI production.

SinterCast Tracking Technologies

- SinterCast Ladle Tracker[®] and SinterCast Cast Tracker[®].
- Traceability, process control and troubleshooting for ladles, cores, moulds and castings.
- Measuring every step of the foundry process to ensure that only good castings are poured.
- Single database to determine and eliminate the root cause of defects and process bottlenecks.
- Industry 4.0 for the foundry industry: digital fingerprint of every casting
- Applicable to grey iron, ductile iron and CGI foundries, and to other metallurgical facilities such as steel mills and heat treating facilities.

Unique in the foundry industry, the SinterCast Tracking Technologies provide previously unavailable insight to foundry managers, reducing waste and increasing efficiency. More insight means more control, more efficiency, and more profit.



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SinterCast-CGI Cylinder Block Benefits



STRENGTH & DURABILITY +75% Tensile Strength +45% Elastic Modulus +100% Fatigue Strength



ENGINE PERFORMANCE 10-20% Weight Reduction 10-20% Power-up (kW/litre) 5-10% Noise Reduction 75-100% Improved Durability



PROVEN RELIABILITY 49 CGI installations >100,000 cylinder blocks/month 2.7 to 16.0 litre displacement >75 components in series production

25 REASONS TO USE SINTERCAST-CGI

- 1. WEIGHT REDUCTION
- 2. SIZE REDUCTION
- 3. POWER INCREASE
- 4. IMPROVED DURABILITY
- 5. REDUCED NOISE
- 6. INCREASED CYLINDER PRESSURE
- 7. FUTURE POWER-UP POTENTIAL
- 8. LESS CYLINDER BORE DISTORTION
- 9. LESS BLOW-BY EMISSIONS
- **10. IMPROVED WEAR RESISTANCE**
- **11. IMPROVED HONING SURFACE**
- **12. LESS OIL CONSUMPTION**
- **13. LESS CAVITATION**
- **14. CLEANER AS-CAST SURFACES**
- 15. >100,000 KM EMISSIONS CAPABILITY
- 16. WELL-TO-WHEELS CO2 REDUCTION
- 17. 100% RECYCLABLE
- **18. LESS EXPENSIVE THAN ALUMINIUM**
- **19. SECONDARY WEIGHT REDUCTION BENEFITS**
- 20. THERMAL EXPANSION EQUAL TO GREY IRON
- 21. COMPATIBLE WITH GREY IRON TOOLING
- 22. FRACTURE SPLIT MAIN BEARINGS
- 23. REDUCED THREAD ENGAGEMENT
- 24. PROVEN HIGH VOLUME MACHINING
- 25. ISO, ASTM & SAE INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS



SinterCast System 4000

The newly upgraded, fully automated System 4000 provides a flexible, robust and accurate hardware and software platform that enables SinterCast customers to independently control CGI series production and product development. The System 4000 is comprised of individual hardware modules that can be configured to suit the layout, process flow and production volume of any foundry, both for ladle production and pouring furnaces. The basic configuration consists of one Sampling Module (SAM), one Operator Control Module (OCM), a Power Supply, and a network-linked Wirefeeder for automated addition of magnesium and inoculant prior to casting. This configuration provides sampling Modules can be added to increase the throughput. The System 4000 *Plus* upgrade additionally incorporates automatic feedback control of the base treatment process.



Fully automated System 4000 with two Sampling Modules

The System 4000 features include:

- Accuracy: Proven, high resolution SinterCast thermal analysis.
- Process Control: Automatic cored wire correction of magnesium and inoculation for each ladle.
- User-Friendliness: Display of magnesium, inoculant and carbon equivalent results as histogram run-charts with all information in the local language.
- *Process Database*: Collection of melting and pouring data into a single database, including all System 4000 thermal analysis results and process data for advanced traceability.
- *Consistency*: Re-useable Thermocouple Pair can perform up to 250 measurements, providing accuracy and traceability.
- Re-engineered SAM: Updated ejection mechanism for a more robust and stronger Sampling Cup ejection.
- *Efficiency Benchmarking*: Production results compiled every month and delivered to each customer with analysis and process improvement recommendations from SinterCast engineers.
- *Independent Control*: Supervisor-level access to process parameters, directly at the Supervisor's desktop computer.
- *Robust:* Rugged Windows 10 IoT embedded operating system and hardware proven in the foundry environment.
- Remote Support: VPN access by SinterCast for technical support and maintenance.
- *Flexible*: Pallet mounted (pictured above), individually floor-mounted, or wall-mounted to suit any foundry layout.



Larger graphical OCM display for user-friendly operator interaction



Re-engineered SAM with improved Thermocouple Holder



SinterCast Tracking Technologies

SinterCast Ladle Tracker® – "Every Ladle, Every Minute"

SinterCast Ladle Tracker provides complete traceability of every ladle; from tapping through to pouring. Ladle Tracker provides Industry 4.0 traceability by measuring the movement of every ladle and compiling the process information into a single database. Ladle Tracker ensures that every ladle successfully passes each step of the foundry process, prevents the pouring of out-of-spec iron, and enables the foundry to identify and eliminate the root cause of process bottlenecks.

Ladle Identification

Ladle Tracker measures and documents the progress of every ladle as it moves through the foundry. Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags are affixed to every ladle and RFID reader antennae are installed at key locations throughout the foundry to track and control the ladle movement. 2D optical matrix plates can also be used to identify ladles, particularly in high temperature applications.

Process Control

Antennae located at the pouring car identify the RFID Tag on the ladle. If all steps have been successfully completed and all process parameters are within the specified range, pouring can begin. However, if any parameter is out-of-spec, signal lamps will be illuminated to define control actions, or the pouring car can be automatically locked-out. Automation replaces operator discipline, providing increased control for the foundry and increased confidence for the customer.

Custom Configured Layout

Ladle Tracker is comprised of individual hardware modules that can be configured to suit the layout, process flow, and production volume of any foundry. The layout is mirrored on the Tracker Control Module to show the ladle flow. All data is saved in a central database that can be fully accessed by the foundry engineers. The database can also include ancillary data such as temperature, weight and chemistry to augment the process control and to enhance Industry 4.0 traceability.

RFID Ladle Tags affixed to each ladle



Measurement and control at every critical process step



On-line process control and traceability

Result Reporting

Summary reports can be independently created on a daily, weekly, monthly or on-demand basis. The Ladle Tracker Summary Report is customised for each foundry to detail the average start time at each tracking position, together with elapsed times for every step in the process, identifying where ladles fall out of the process. The process flow data provides information that enables the production performance to be measured. Bottlenecks can be identified and eliminated, while process KPIs can be established and measured for each shift.

> More information, more control, more efficiency, more profit Less scrap, less frustration, less energy, less CO₂



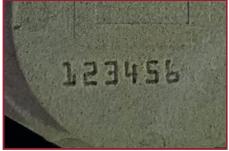
SinterCast Tracking Technologies

SinterCast Cast Tracker® – "More Measurements, More Control"

SinterCast Cast Tracker provides complete traceability of every casting; from core production through to pouring and shake-out. Cast Tracker provides Industry 4.0 traceability by compiling the core history, moulding history, and the liquid metal history into a single database. With Cast Tracker, castings evolve from production batches to individual components with unique process histories. Cast Tracker ensures that out-of-spec core packages are not poured and enables engineers to determine and eliminate the root cause of metallurgical defects.

Core Tracking

Cast Tracker begins by engraving a unique identification code into a Tracker Core. The Tracker Core is inserted into the core package at assembly to define the moment of inception and to apply the unique embossed identification code on each casting. Reading the embossed code on the casting provides complete traceability between the casting and every stage of the foundry process.



Tracker Core

Core Package Labelling

For every Tracker Core, a corresponding 2D Matrix Label is printed and affixed to the core package. The Tracker Camera reads the label as the core package leaves the assembly area, and again when the cores are set into moulds. Registration at core setting identifies the unique code of each core package and determines the shelf storage time.

9000 16h - 3000 2D Matrix Label

Flask Tracking

The identification of each core package is linked to an RFID Tag affixed to the flask. The flask ID is read by an antenna at pouring to identify the flasks, and thus, the castings being poured from each ladle. The handshake between Cast Tracker and Ladle Tracker provides continuous traceability of the core and liquid metal histories, including the cast sequence within the ladle.

Label and Flask Tag

Result Reporting

All Cast Tracker and Ladle Tracker results – from inception to shakeout and from melting to pouring – are compiled into a single database for traceability, process optimisation, and metallurgical troubleshooting. The database can also include results from microstructure and chemistry analyses. The results are summarised in Performance Summary Reports that can be generated on demand. All data are saved in a central database that can be fully accessed by the foundry engineers

More information, more control, more efficiency, more profit Less scrap, less frustration, less energy, less CO₂





Environment: As a technology company, SinterCast develops software and assembles its own process control systems. SinterCast does not have in-house manufacturing. Our environmental contributions are realised at our customer sites and in the vehicles that use our technology on the roads.

- Up to 30% less fuel consumption in cars and trucks; up to 30% less CO2
- Up to 20% less engine weight; up to 20% less raw materials and energy in manufacturing
- SinterCast-CGI engines comprised of more than 90% recycled metal
- Less engine weight enables secondary weight reduction in the vehicle body
- Reduced foundry scrap reduces energy and raw materials needed to remanufacture
- Life cycle energy and CO₂ benefits compared to aluminium engines
- Participation in R&D projects to develop carbon-neutral fuel solutions, including hydrogen, for internal combustion engines

SinterCast contributes to the environment by improving efficiency. Process efficiency in the manufacturing phase and engine efficiency throughout the life of the vehicle. We estimate that the SinterCast technology saved approximately one million tonnes of CO_2 in 2021 and approximately nine million tonnes of CO_2 since our first series production casting was produced in 1999.



Social Responsibility: With 33 full time colleagues representing 14 nationalities, SinterCast is an inclusive employer. We welcome the contribution of every employee and every business partner regardless of race, colour, gender, sexual orientation, religion, origin or age.

- Comprehensive Code of Conduct signed by Board members, employees and suppliers alike
- 8 of 33 full-time colleagues female (24%); 2 of 9 first-reporting-level managers female (22%)
- Annual fitness campaign for all employees, since 2014, with year-end rewards for achieving team goal
- 100% renewable energy at our Technical Centre, hosting 25 of our 33 fulltime colleagues
- Renovation of Technical Centre to provide an improved work environment and to further promote the SinterCast brand
- No use of exotic or conflict materials in our systems, consumables or castings

We reject all forms of harassment. We reject abusive practices and we reject discrimination. The core of every successful team is respect. At SinterCast, we respect, encourage and support each other. At SinterCast, we like each other.



Corporate Governance: SinterCast embraces Corporate Governance to guide the overall development of the company and to ensure that we fulfil our obligations to shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers and society. With more than 20 years of compliance, our routines are mature, understood and respected.

- International Board with more than 150 years of experience in the customer arena
- Fostered atmosphere of open reporting and dialogue between Board, management and employees
- Benchmarking and transparent reporting of Board and management remuneration
- Accurate disclosure to shareholders; press release frequency exceeding peer group
- Whistleblower routines in place for all employees and business partners

The full Corporate Governance Report is available on Page 24-32 of this Annual Report and on the SinterCast website.



Market Sustainability

Environmental legislation has driven our growth for the last 20 years and it will continue to do so in the future. The demand for improved fuel efficiency and reduced CO_2 emissions spurred the growth of diesel in the early 2000's, providing the opportunity for SinterCast to prove its technology and to prove the benefits of CGI. Today, the increasing demand for engine efficiency – to meet legislation and to compete against alternative powertrain technologies – spurs engineers to develop smaller engines with higher performance and lower CO_2 emissions. This trend in engine loading increases the need for CGI, particularly in the large pick-up and commercial vehicle sectors that represent 90% of our production.



Pick-up Trucks: Pick-up trucks constitute 50% of our total series production volume. Ten percent of our total volume is derived from the 2.7 litre V6 petrol engine used in America's best-selling vehicle, the Ford F-150. Forty percent of our total volume is derived from the two 6.7 litre diesel engines produced for the Ford and Ram Super Duty pick-ups. The SinterCast-CGI engines are the most fuel-efficient engine options available in the respective vehicles, reducing CO₂ emissions by approximately 15% in the F-150 and

approximately 30% in Super Duty applications (up to 40% when towing). While the trend toward passenger vehicle electrification will continue, the duty cycle for pick-ups will provide a long-term demand for class-leading SinterCast-CGI engines. With growing demand for pick-ups, we are confident in our ability to continue to serve the market and to continue to deliver meaningful CO₂ reductions for society.

"We have Super Duty customers who do heavy-duty towing: horse trailers, people in the energy business who are towing big-time loads over very long distances. It's hard for me to imagine that all those customers will go electric in the next 10 years. Their use case is different than how we've designed the [electric] vehicles." Jim Farley, CEO, Ford Motor Company

Automotive News, 6 December 2021



Commercial Vehicles: Commercial vehicles constitute 50% of our total series production volume. The primary use of SinterCast-CGI is in the cylinder blocks and heads of 10~15 litre heavy duty long-haul transport applications. For a 12 litre engine, with fuel consumption of 40 litres per 100 kilometres, the use of SinterCast-CGI can reduce weight by approximately 100 kg. For annual mileage of 250,000 km, this weight saving in a fleet of 100 trucks corresponds to a fuel saving of approximately 10,000 litres of fuel per year – a reduction of more than 25 tonnes of CO₂ per year. While battery and fuel cell alternatives attract considerable media

attention, these technologies are still in their infancy for long-haul transport. Diesel currently powers more than 95% of commercial vehicles in Europe and the US. The ongoing demand for improved engine efficiency, fuel economy and pulling power is driving OEMs toward CGI, providing opportunities for long-term growth and long-term environmental contributions from SinterCast.

"We're trying to convince customers to try things, and the economics of it are not perfect. The technology is good, but it's not perfect. The diesel engine is perfect. It's 105 years of perfect." Tom Linebarger, CEO, Cummins Inc Diesel Direct, 11 January 2022



SinterCast History

⊛— 2021

- > Covid recovery: 24% increase in series production
- > Record Sampling Cup shipments: 208,700
- > 23 software upgrades and 20 process improvements
- Approximately one million tonnes of CO, saved
- > Progress impacted by Covid and semiconductors

⊛— 2020

- > Record installation revenue: SEK 16.6 million
- > Covid impacts full-year series production

⊛— 2019

- Series production surpasses three million Engine Equivalents
- > Launch of System 4000
- Record installations, Record revenue and Record operating result

⊛— 2018

- Start of production of inline diesel engines for passenger vehicles
- > SinterCast Cast Tracker® launched
- > Wards 10 Best Engine award for SinterCast-CGI diesel in Ford F-150

⊕ 2016-2017

- > Cumulative dividend reaches SEK 100 million
- > Ford announces SinterCast-CGI diesel in F-150 pick up
- > Wards 10 Best Engine award for Ford 2.7 litre V6
- > SinterCast Ladle Tracker[®] launched

⊕ 2015

- Series production surpasses two million Engine Equivalents
- Third consecutive Wards 10 Best Engine award for Ram EcoDiesel
- > One millionth Sampling Cup produced

⊕ 2012-2014

- > First high volume CGI petrol engine begins sales
- Engine commitments in full-size pick ups for Ram, Ford and Nissan
- > First bespoke CGI agriculture engine launched

↔ 2011

> Record six new installations

⊛— 2010

- Land Rover, Navistar and VM Motori launch new SinterCast-CGI engines
- Series production surpasses one million Engine Equivalents

⊕ 2009

- Launch of third generation process control system: System 3000
- Ford begins series production of first CGI engine in North America

⊕ 2005–2008

- Eight new SinterCast-CGI commercial vehicle engines launched
- > Start of series production in Korea: Hyundai 3.0 litre V6
- First SinterCast installation in China

⊛— 2003

> First high-volume production: Ford 2.7 litre V6
> ISO 9001:2000 Certification

⊕ 1999

First series production reference: Audi 3.3 litre V8

(★) 1997_1998

- > Development and launch of second generation process control system: System 2000
- > Development of high-volume machining solutions

⊕ 1996

- > First installation of System 1000: Cifunsa, Mexico
- ISO 9001 certification

⊕ 1992–1994

- > Development of first industrial product: System 1000
- > Dual marketing toward foundries and automotive OEMs
- > IPO on Stockholm Stock Exchange: 26 April 1993

⊕ 1984–1991

- > Fundamental research on the solidification of CGI
- > Initial technical trials and demonstrations

⊕ 1983

- SinterCast AB founded
- First patent filed

Current Status

- > 25 fully automated process control systems, 24 mini-systems & six tracking systems installed in 14 countries and supported in 11 languages
- Series production for passenger vehicle, commercial vehicle and industrial power applications
- > Succesful production references for Ladle Tracker and Cast Tracker technologies
- > Approximately nine million tonnes of CO₂ saved
- > Ukraine war impacts global stability and automotive supply chains; SinterCast has no installations in Russia





The SinterCast Group Management



Steve Dawson

President & CEO London, United Kingdom Born 1962 BEng, MASc, PhD, PEng, FIMechE Nationality: Canadian, British Employed since 1991 *No. of shares: 37,500

Daphner Uhmeier

Finance Director Rönninge, Sweden Born 1962 BSc Nationality: Swedish Employed since 2004 *No. of shares: 16,000

*As of 23 March 2022

After 18 years of service, Steve Wallace, Operations Director left the company on 31 December 2021.

Technical Management

With more than 60 years of combined SinterCast experience, the management team at our Technical Centre in Sweden is responsible for day-to-day operational activities, new product development, long-term planning, procurement and R&D. The technical managers provide experience and leadership today and, with an average age of 43, they also provide the foundation for our future management. The technical management is complemented by three additional first-reporting-level managers with bespoke responsibility for serving the technical and commercial needs of our largest customer, and for global sales & marketing.



Tobias Björklind Chief Engineer CGI 2013 Arnaud Denis Chief Engineer Tracking Technologies 2010 Roger Andersson Chief Engineer Systems 2012 Elin Nilsson Procurement Manager 2014 Patrik Popelar R&D Director

1995



The SinterCast Board



Jan Åke Jonsson Chairman, Board Member **BBA**

Göteborg, Sweden Born: 1951. Nationality: Swedish

Other Assignments

Chairman of the Board of Directors of Easy Mining AB, Västkustens Affärsänglar AB and Datachassi Larm AB

Professional background

Former CEO Saab Automobile, former Former CEO Saab Automotie, former Director for After Sales & Services of Saab, Vice President for Sales and Marketing for Saab USA, Vehicle Line Executive and Director Commercial Vehicles at General Motors Europe

Elected 2019 6,000 SinterCast Shares



Steve Gill Board Member BEng

Chelmsford, UK Born: 1966, Nationality: British

Other Assignments No other Board duties

Professional background

Current CEO-Automotive, First Hydrogen Corp. Former Consultant Director to AVL, former Director - Powertrain Engineering, Ford of Europe, former Chief Engineer for gasoline engines, Ford Motor Company, and former Chief Engineer of Perkins Engines Ltd.

Elected 2020 0 SinterCast Shares



Robert Dover Board Member FR Eng, FIMechE, FIED, FRSA

London, United Kingdom Born: 1945, Nationality: British

Other Assignments

Chairman, e-PPI Ltd, Autoscan Ltd, Advanced Propulsion Centre UK Ltd and Dymag Ltd

Professional background Professor of Manufacturing, Warwick University, Professor of Engineering, Coventry University, Former Chairman and CEO of Jaguar and Land Rover. Former Chairman and CEO Aston Martin, Former Vice President, Ford Motor Company

Elected 2004 1,249 SinterCast Shares



Åsa Källenius **Board Member** BA, Business Administration

Stockholm, Sweden Born: 1967, Nationality: Swedish

Other Assignments Board member of Green Landscaping AB and Cinis Fertilizer AB; deputy Board member of KAAX Investment AB, Källenius Invest AB, Scylla och Charybdis AB, and ANNMAKA AB.

Professional background Current CFO of Mekonomen Group AB. Former CFO of Tele2 Sweden AB and of Inflight Service Global AB.

Elected 2020 1,000 SinterCast Shares



Jun Arimoto **Board Member** BEng

Rickmansworth, United Kingdom Born 1954, Nationality: Japanese

Other Assignments No other Board duties

Professional background

Powertrain Former Executive of ISUZU MOTORS Ltd, Japan. Former and Managing Director Member of the Board of ISUZU subsidiary companies in Europe and China for 16 years in total. Former General Sales Manager of Perkins Engines (Peterborough) Ltd.

Elected 2018 1,453 SinterCast Shares



Steve Dawson President & CEO, Board Member BEng, MASc, PhD, PEng, FIMechE

London, United Kingdom Born 1962, Nationality: Canadian, British

Other Assignments No other Board duties

Professional background

Former Technical Director and Chief Operating Officer, SinterCast Group Senior Research Engineer, LTV Steel

Flected 2007 37,500 SinterCast Shares



Information regarding Board meeting presence is presented on page 26 Information regarding Board remuneration is presented on pages 26 and 52 Note: All information as of 23 March 2022.



Directors' Report

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director of SinterCast AB (publ), corporate identity number 556233-6494, hereby submit the Annual Report and consolidated financial statements for 2021. SinterCast AB, the Parent Company of the SinterCast Group, is a publicly traded limited liability company with its registered office located in Stockholm, Sweden.

Operations

SinterCast is the world's leading supplier of process control technology for the reliable high volume production of Compacted Graphite Iron (CGI). With at least 75% higher tensile strength and 45% higher stiffness, and approximately double the fatigue strength of conventional grey cast iron and aluminium, CGI allows engine designers to improve performance, fuel economy and durability while reducing engine size, weight, noise and emissions. The SinterCast technology is used for the production of petrol and diesel engine cylinder blocks and exhaust components for passenger vehicles; medium-duty and heavy-duty cylinder blocks and heads for commercial vehicles; and, industrial power engine components for agriculture, marine, rail, offroad and stationary engine applications. SinterCast supports the series production of components ranging from 2.7 kg to 9 tonnes, all using the same proven process control technology. As a specialist supplier of precision measurement and process control solutions to the metals industry, SinterCast also supplies the SinterCast Ladle Tracker® and SinterCast Cast Tracker® technologies, to improve process control, productivity and traceability in a variety of applications. With 55 installations in 14 countries, SinterCast is a publicly traded company, quoted on the Small Cap segment of the Nasdaq Stockholm stock exchange (SINT).

Organisation

With successful high volume CGI production in customer foundries located in Europe, Asia and the Americas, SinterCast has established a global organisation with employees and offices in Sweden, the United Kingdom, the United States, China, Korea and Germany.

The global organisation includes functions for Key Account Management, Process Engineering,

Research & Development, Procurement, Sales & Marketing, and Finance & Administration. All of these functions report directly to the President & CEO of the SinterCast Group and Managing Director of SinterCast AB. Key Account Management is a dedicated function responsible for serving the technical and commercial needs of key customers. The Process Engineering function is managed by a Chief Engineer's Council that is responsible the dayto-day operational management and the long-term planning related to the continuous improvement of our product offering, customer support, the production and supply of our control systems, and the commissioning of new installations. The Research & Development function is responsible for the continuous improvement of the core thermal analysis technology, the process control software, new product development and general metallurgical support for our product development and our customer activities. The Procurement function is responsible for the production, supply and quality assurance of our sampling consumables and for the procurement, stockholding and delivery of systems and spare parts. The global Sales & Marketing function is responsible for supporting the commercial needs of existing customers, for the active development of new foundry and OEM business opportunities, and for overall quality management, including the current ISO 9001:2015 certification and supplier development. The centralised Finance & Administration function, based at the Technical Centre in Katrineholm, is responsible for supporting the needs of all Group companies with regard to finance, control, administration, information and communication, human resources and information technology. The Finance & Administration function also supports the Board and the President & CEO in various matters. The Renumeration Policy for Group Management is included in the Corporate Government Report.

Legal Structure

SinterCast AB (publ) is the Parent Company of the SinterCast Group, with its registered office located in Stockholm, Sweden. On 31 December 2021, the Parent Company had 25 (23) employees.

The average number of employees during the period was 24 (21). The majority of the operations are managed by the Parent Company while local



operations in the United Kingdom, United States, Korea and China are managed by the local companies.

The information given for the Group in this report corresponds in all material respects to the Parent Company. However, the result for the period may differ between the Group and the Parent Company due to intercompany transactions between the Parent Company and its subsidiaries.

The Parent Company holds all of the patents and trademarks and controls the activities of the Group. The legal structure of the SinterCast Group includes the Parent Company, SinterCast AB (publ), and its subsidiaries SinterCast Ltd in the United Kingdom, SinterCast Inc in the USA, SinterCast Trading (Beijing) Co., Ltd in China, SinterCast Korea Co., Ltd in Korea and SinterCast SA de CV and SinterCast Servicios SA de CV, both in Mexico.

As of 31 December 2021, the Group had 30 (28) employees, six (five) of whom are female. The average number of employees during the period was 29 (26). SinterCast is well positioned to support global market activities and to drive the future growth of the company.

Patents, Intellectual Property and Research & Development

The company has implemented a strategy to protect its technology through patents or other intellectual property rights to preserve its leading position within CGI process control and Tracking Technologies. The company applies for patents in selected countries that are relevant to the foundry and/or automotive industries, while retaining some core technology as knowhow.

SinterCast currently holds eight (eight) patents, granted or pending, and maintains 42 (42) individual national phase patents worldwide. These patents address the SinterCast metallurgical technology, thermal analysis, the Sampling Cup, product applications and machining.

Research & Development is a key focus area for SinterCast, representing 17% (17%) of the total operating cost. The emphasis of the R&D activity is to continuously improve the accuracy and the reliability of the thermal analysis and process control software and to develop the SinterCast Tracking Technologies. The SinterCast Ladle Tracker® technology ensures that all treatments and processes are performed within the specified limits, improving process efficiency, product quality, and productivity. The SinterCast Cast Tracker® offers complete traceability of each casting from the date of manufacture of the cores (inception), shelf storage time, pouring (birth) to shake out. Installation discussions are ongoing for CGI process control systems, capacity upgrades, and Tracking Technologies installations. In addition to these current installation opportunities, SinterCast is also investigating the development of other unique technologies - within and beyond the scope of thermal analysis - to improve quality and production efficiency in the metals industry, and to broaden our product portfolio and our production base.

Environment

SinterCast operates within the environmental limits established by local and national legislation and does not have any operations that require specific environmental permission or concessions from the authorities. The accuracy of the SinterCast process enables foundries to reduce scrap rates, thus reducing the emissions and the cost associated with re-manufacturing. As a CGI-enabler, the SinterCast technology contributes to the production of smaller and more fuel-efficient engines, thus reducing CO2 emissions in passenger vehicle and commercial vehicle applications. In general, the diesel engines produced using SinterCast-CGI provide up to 30% better fuel efficiency and therefore, up to 30% lower CO₂ emissions (or more when towing) than the nearest available petrol engine options.

Risks and Uncertainty Factors

Uncertainty factors for SinterCast include the timing of OEM decisions for new CGI engines and other components, adherence to start-of-production dates and ramp projections, the global economy for new vehicle sales, technology trends and emissions legislation, and the individual sales success of vehicles equipped with SinterCast-CGI components.

Covid-19 – and related material and labour shortages – remain the dominant near-term risk factor for the global foundry and automotive industries. While it is



prudent to expect that series production may be influenced well into 2022 and perhaps beyond, SinterCast remains confident in the long-term growth of CGI. Other factors that may influence the market risk for SinterCast and its end-user industries include the current global political uncertainty, particularly in the Ukraine where the onset of war has impacted market confidence and may disrupt the supply of automotive components from Eastern European Other considerations include suppliers. the renegotiation of international tariffs and free-trade agreements on vehicle sales, climate change legislation and the associated growth of alternative powertrain technologies, and the overall demand for goods transportation.

No significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities has been identified at the balance sheet date and no costs have been taken to the profit and loss due to Covid-19. For additional risk and uncertainty factor information, please see note 26.

Financial Summary

Revenue

The revenue for the SinterCast Group relates primarily to income from equipment, series production and engineering service. The 2021 revenue increased by 13% to SEK 107.4 million (SEK 95.4 million). Series production revenue amounted to SEK 97.4 million (SEK 77.1 million) following annualised series production of 3.1 million (2.5 million) Engine Equivalents and shipment of 208,700 (140,600) Sampling Cups. However, the 2021 volume was 6% below the full-year pre-Covid volume of 3.3 million Engine Equivalents set in 2019. Equipment revenue amounted to SEK 8.5 million (SEK 16.6 million). Engineering Service amounted to SEK 1.5 million (SEK 1.7 million).

Results

The business activities of SinterCast are best reflected by the Operating Result. This is because the "Result for the period after tax" and the "Earnings per Share" are influenced by the financial income and costs and by the revaluation of tax assets.

The 2021 operating result increased by 45% to SEK 31.5 million (SEK 21.7 million). The increase is

primarily because of a SEK 12.0 million increase in revenue, resulting in a SEK 7.8 million increase in gross margin; an increase in operating costs of SEK 2.9 million, primarily due to increases in the number of employees; and, increases in other operating income of SEK 4.9 million.

Results Summary

(Amounts in SEK million)	2021	2020
Operating Result	31.5	21.7
Income tax	3.9	-0.1
Result for the period after tax	32.9	22.2
Earnings per Share (SEK)	4.6	3.1

The result for the period after tax increased by 48% to SEK 32.9 million (SEK 22.2 million). During the period, no government support in relation to Covid-19 was received.

Income Tax and Deferred Tax Asset

Income tax for 2021 amounted to SEK 3.9 million (SEK -0.1 million), comprised of SEK 4.0 million due the reassessed deferred tax calculation and the payment of SEK 0.1 million of income tax. The estimated future taxable profit and deferred tax asset calculation is reassessed every quarter. As of 31 December 2021, SEK 233.5 million (SEK 214.1 million) of the SinterCast total carried-forward tax losses are the basis of the updated calculation, resulting in SEK 48.1 million (SEK 44.1 million) being capitalised as a deferred tax asset. The deferred tax asset calculation is based on historical ten-year average currency rates.

Cashflow, Liquidity and Investments

2021 cashflow from operations increased by SEK 11.3 million, compared to the same period last year, primarily related to the SEK 9.8 million increase in operating result. Total investments amounted to SEK 3.2 million (SEK 2.8 million). Cashflow from financing activities increased by SEK 3.2 million, primarily due to the dividend payment 2021 in the amount of SEK 28.4 million (SEK 24.8 million). Total cashflow amounted to SEK 1.2 million (SEK -6.6 million). Liquidity on 31 December 2021 was SEK 27.5 million (SEK 26.3 million). SinterCast has no loans.



Annual General Meeting 2022

The Annual General Meeting 2022 of SinterCast AB (publ) will be held in Stockholm on Tuesday 17 May 2022. Provisions will be made in the event that the AGM must be held virtually due to Covid restrictions.

Shareholders wishing to have a matter considered at the Annual General Meeting were requested to provide written submissions to agm.registration@sintercast.com or to the company: SinterCast AB (publ), Kungsgatan 2, 641 30 Katrineholm, Sweden, at least seven weeks prior to the Annual General Meeting for the proposal to be included in the notice of the meeting. Further details on how and when to register will be published in advance of the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend Distributed in 2021

The Annual General Meeting of SinterCast AB (publ) held on 18 May 2021 approved a dividend of SEK 4.00 per share (totally SEK 28,360,532) for the financial year 2020. The dividend was paid in two equal instalments, on 20 May and 19 November 2021.

Proposed Dividend 2022

The Board of Directors propose an ordinary dividend of SEK 4.50 per share (SEK 4.00 per share) with an extraordinary dividend amounting to SEK 0.50 (SEK 0.00 per share), representing a distribution of SEK 35.5 million (SEK 28.4 million) to the shareholders of SinterCast AB (publ) for the financial year 2021, distributed in two equal payments of SEK 2.50 per share. The Board proposes 19 May 2022 as the record date for the first dividend and 7 November 2022 as the record date for the second dividend. In deciding the amount of the ordinary dividend to be proposed to the AGM 2022, the Board considered cashflow from operations, the financial position, investment requirements and other factors, such as market outlook, growth strategy and the internal financial forecast for the Group.

As a basis for the Board's dividend proposal, the Board of Directors made an assessment in accordance with Chapter 18, Section 4 of the Swedish Companies Act including the liquidity of the Parent Company and the Group, the need for financial resources, the current financial position, and the long-term ability to meet commitments. At yearend, the Group reported an equity ratio of 86% (85%) and a net cash amount of SEK 27.5 million (SEK 26.3 million). The Board of Directors also considered the Parent Company's result and financial position, recent changes in market risk and uncertainty, and the Group's position in general. In this respect, the Board of Directors has taken into account known commitments that may have an impact on the financial positions of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries. It is the Board's assessment that the dividend proposal is well-balanced considering the nature, scope and risks of the business activities as well as the capital requirements for the Parent Company and the Group.

Proposed Allocation of Profits in SinterCast AB (publ)

The following earnings in the Parent Company are at the disposal of the Annual General Meeting.

Amounts in SEK	
Share premium reserve	35,336,610
Result brought forward	15,347,482
Result for the year	30,571,935
Total non-restricted equity of the Parent Company	81,256,027

The Board of Directors proposes to the AGM that earnings be distributed as follows.

Amounts in SEK

A dividend of SEK 5.0 per share shall be distributed	35,450,665
To be retained by the Parent Company*	45,805,362
Total	81,256,027
* of which Share premium reserve	35,336,610

Events after the Balance Sheet Date

No material transactions have taken place between SinterCast and the Board or the Management during the period. There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date of 31 December 2021 that could materially change these financial statements. The following press releases and events are noted:

17 January 2022 - Preliminary results 2021

8 February 2022 – SinterCast Results October– December 2021

Russian invasion of Ukraine increases market uncertainty



Corporate Governance Report 2021

Corporate Governance in SinterCast

SinterCast focuses primarily on providing process control technology and know-how for the reliable high volume production of Compacted Graphite Iron. SinterCast promotes CGI within the foundry and enduser communities to increase the overall market opportunity for CGI and to define the forefront of CGI development, production and application. This focus and these efforts will secure SinterCast's global leadership in the field of CGI. SinterCast also builds upon its technical expertise in thermal analysis and cast iron process control to develop new technologies beyond the core CGI market. These focused activities will provide the foundation for increasing the long-term value of the company. As a technology led company, SinterCast is able to grow and prosper by earning the respect of its customers. The objective of Corporate Governance at SinterCast is to ensure continued strong development of the company and that the Group fulfils its obligations to shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers and Corporate society. Governance includes: establishing the overall operational goals and strategy of the company; ensuring that there is an effective system for follow-up and control of the company's operations; ensuring that there is a satisfactory process for monitoring the company's compliance with laws and other regulations relevant to the company's operations; and, defining necessary guidelines to govern the company's ethical conduct and ensuring that the company's external communications are characterised by openness and that such communications are accurate, reliable and relevant. The Group's risks are well-analysed and risk management is integrated in the work of the Board and in operational activities.

External Regulation of Corporate Governance

The Swedish Annual Accounts Act prescribes that listed companies shall, on a yearly basis, present a Corporate Governance Report, to be included in the Annual Report. The Swedish Companies Act defines the legal framework for limited liability companies including rules for the Articles of Association, the share, the Annual General Meeting (AGM), and the management of the company. The Corporate Governance Report must be in accordance with the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance which is applicable to all Swedish companies whose shares are traded on a regulated market in Sweden.

SinterCast Shareholders

The SinterCast shares have been listed since 26 April 1993 and are quoted on the Small Cap segment at Nasdag Stockholm stock exchange. SinterCast had approximately 3,700 (4,000) shareholders on 31 December 2021. The ten largest, of which four (two) were nominee shareholders, controlled 51.6% (47.6%) of the capital and votes of 7,090,133 (7,090,133) shares in total. On 31 December 2021, Swedish shareholders held and controlled 88.4% (82.3%) of the capital and votes in SinterCast AB. The largest shareholder, Avanza Pension AB (Sweden), held 17.3% (13.0%) of the capital and votes as a nominee shareholder. As of 31 December 2021, the SinterCast Board, management and employees controlled 1.1% (1.1%) of the capital and votes. The paid dividend was the only transaction between the company and the shareholders during the year. During the year, shareholders have provided feedback and proposals to the Board, the Managing Director and to the Nomination Committee.

Nomination Committee

Nomination Committee prior to the AGM 2021

The Nomination Committee, elected by the AGM 2020, consisted of Victoria Skoglund (Chairman), Jan Åke Jonsson (Chairman of the Board of Directors), Andrea Fessler, Aage Figenschou and Carina Andersson. The Committee concluded that the current Board fulfilled the demands imposed on it in consideration of the company's position and future focus. As a result of the Board composition review, and after consultations with the shareholders, the Nomination Committee proposed to the AGM 2021 that the Board Members, Jan Åke Jonsson, Robert Dover, Jun Arimoto, Steve Gill, Åsa Källenius and Steve Dawson were re-elected as Board Members, with Mr Jonsson being reappointed as Chairman. The Nomination Committee proposed the Board remuneration to the AGM and nominated the Auditor for election, for the period until the next AGM.



Overview of Corporate Governance of SinterCast

Nomination Committee

The SinterCast Nomination Committee is, after with consultation the shareholders responsible for nominating candidate for election to the Board; to propose remuneration for the Board and for each member of the Board; to nominate Auditors for election; to make recommendations on remuneration for the external auditors; and, to establish certain other proposals for consideration at each AGM. The majority of the members of the Nomination Committee are to be independent of the company and it's Group Management No members of the Group Management are to be members of the Nomination Committee and at least one member of the Nomination Committee is to be independent of the company's largest shareholder. The AGM Nomination appoints members of the Committee or specifies how members shall be appointed. The Nomination Committee also considers the merits of equal gender distribution on the SinterCast Board with regard to the requirements of the company and the potential contribution of each new candidate.

General Meeting of Shareholders

The Shareholders' main influence to govern the company is during the AGM, which is the company's highest decision-making body where the Shareholders meet the Board of Directors, the Management and the Company Auditors and where the Shareholders are given the opportunity to raise questions and to vote on the proposals distributed prior to the meeting. The shareholders shall be given the opportunity to exercise their ownership role in an active, well-informed manner. All shares represented at the AGM have the same voting rights. The Board is elected annually at the AGM and the majority of the Directors elected shall be independent of the company and its Group Management. Independence shall be determined by a general assessment of all factors that may give cause to question the individual's independence.

Articles of Association

The Articles of Association of SinterCast defines the name, location, objectives of the company, number of shares, number of Board Members, number of Auditors, and proceedings for convening Annual General Meetings. Changes to the Articles of Association must be decided by the AGM. The Articles of Association of SinterCast do not regulate dismissal of Directors.

The Articles of Association is available on SinterCast's website.

Compensation Committee

The Board shall appoint a Compensation Committee whose main tasks are to monitor and evaluate the remuneration guidelines that the AGM is legally obliged to establish, as well as the current remuneration structures and levels in the company and to propose new incentive programmes to the Board to decide upon. The Compensation Committee shall also agree on the principles for remuneration and other terms of employment of the Managing Director and, after advice from the Managers reporting directly to the Managing Director. The Compensation Committee shall also monitor and evaluate programmes for variable remuneration, both ongoing and for those that have ended during the year.

Board of Directors

The Board is appointed at the Annual General Meeting. The Board is responsible for establishing the overall operational goals and strategy of the company and for ensuring that there is an effective system for follow-up and control of the company's operations. The Board shall fulfil applicable independence rules. The AGM appoints the Chairman of the Board's work and ensure that the Board completes its mandate. The Board has executed a Work Programme including instructions regarding the distribution of work and financial reporting, as a complement to the regulations of the Swedish Companies Act, Articles of Association of the Company and the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance and other instructions.

Audit Committee

On behalf of the Board, the responsibility of the Audit Committee is to ensure that the company has adequate internal controls and formal routines to ensure that the company's financial reports are produced in accordance with legislation, applicable accounting standards and other requirements for listed companies. The primary task of the Audit Committee is to ensure the quality of the financial reports. The Audit Committee is also responsible for the evaluation of the Auditors' work, fees and independence and assists the Nomination Committee with proposals for potential Auditors. The Audit Committee also assists the Group Management in determining how identified risks will be handled in order to ensure good internal control and risk management. The Audit Committee prepares and decides on the Corporate Governance Report.

Work Programme and other Instructions

Each year the Board adopts a written Work documenting Board's Programme the responsibilities and regulating the internal division of duties between the Board; its Committees and Group Management; the decision-making process within the Board; the Board's meeting schedule; summonses to Board meetings; agendas and minutes, and the work of the Board and its committees on accounting and auditing matters and financial reporting. The Work Programme also reporting. The Work Programme also regulates how the Board shall receive information and documentation in order to be able to make well informed decisions. Other controlling documents adopted by the Board include the Finance Policy and the Authorisation Policy, including the organisation chart and the Code of Conduct for the company

Managing Director

The Board appoints the Managing Director who is responsible for the operational and strategic management of the company in accordance with the Board of Directors' instructions and guidelines.

The Managing Director established, as the President & CEO for the SinterCast Group, the Group Management including the Operations Director and the Finance Director.

During 2021, the company transitioned to a new organisation structure, establishing nine first-reporting-level managers, reporting directly to the CEO. The managers are responsible for key operational functions. The new structure improves focus and efficiency while developing the future management team. External Auditor

The company shall appoint one or two Auditors with not more than two Alternate Auditors. A registered accounting firm may also be appointed as Auditor.

The company's statutory Auditor shall be appointed by the AGM to examine the company's annual accounts and accounting practices and to review the Board's and the Managing Director's management of the company.

The Auditor shall present its report to the owners at the AGM in the annual audit report.



Annual General Meeting (AGM) 2021

SinterCast Aktiebolag's Annual General Meeting (AGM) was conducted on 18 May 2021. In consideration of COVID-19 and the restrictions introduced to prevent the spread of the virus, the AGM was conducted by postal voting without physical attendance. In advance of the meeting, a pre-recorded CEO presentation was posted on the SinterCast website.

The pre-recorded presentation provided a summary of the progress achieved in 2020, an overview of recent market activities, and an outlook for the potential short-term and long-term market development. Dr Dawson commented on the current market uncertainty, but also expressed confidence in the long-term trend toward CGI.

At the AGM 2021, all Board Members were present or available via telephone. At the AGM, 46,692 (1,090,067) shares and votes where represented.

During the AGM, Jan Åke Jonsson, Robert Dover, Jun Arimoto, Steve Gill, Åsa Källenius and Steve Dawson were re-elected as Board Members, with Mr Jonsson being reappointed as Chairman.

The Auditor presented how the audit work was conducted and presented the annual Audit Report to the AGM. The AGM adopted the Annual Report and the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2020, as presented by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director; decided upon allocation of the company's result; and, granted the Directors and the Managing Director discharge from liability. The Nomination Committee presented how it conducted its work during the year and presented its proposals. Thereafter, the AGM decided, for the period until the next AGM, six ordinary Board Members; that the company shall have a registered auditing company as auditor; that the Board shall receive a total remuneration of SEK 1,170,000 (SEK 1,110,000), with no remuneration for the Managing Director and that the Nomination Committee shall consist of five (four) Members.

The AGM authorised the Board to decide upon the acquisition and disposal of SinterCast shares, as proposed by the Board of Directors. All of the proposals presented to the AGM were approved by the shareholders.

Board of Directors

At the AGM 2021, Jan Åke Jonsson, Robert Dover, Jun Arimoto, Steve Gill, Åsa Källenius and Steve Dawson were re-elected as Board Members, with Mr Jonsson being reappointed as Chairman. The Board remuneration, decided at the AGM 2021, shall be divided between the Chairman SEK 410,000 (SEK 390,000) and four (four) ordinary Board Members SEK 190,000 (SEK 180,000) each, with no remuneration for the Managing Director. With the exception of the Managing Director, no member of the Board holds an operational position in the company. However, Jun Arimoto assisted and has been paid for minor market support in Japan. The Board is judged to be independent of the company and its management. A more detailed description of the Board of Directors is presented on page 19. The content of the main meetings is summarised in the table below.



Main Boa	Main Board Meetings During the Calendar Year including Auditor Presence						
February	March/April	May	August	November			
Market Report and Financial Outlook	Auditor participated in Audit Committee Meeting	Auditor participated in Audit Committee Meeting	Market Report and Financial Outlook	Market Report and Financial Outlook			
Approve Book Closing Report	Approve Annual Report	AGM Board Meeting	Approve 2Q Interim Report	Approve 3Q Interim Report			
Evaluate Managing Director	Approve 1Q Interim Report	Annual General Meeting	Approve Strategy and Business Plan	Approve Budget for the coming year			
AGM preparations and decisions	AGM preparations and approval of notice	Statutory Board Meeting	Revise and approve Work Programme	Auditor participated in Audit Committee Meeting			
Decide upon incentive programmes			Review Technical Progress				

Board Attendance and Remuneration Summary

			Pres			
	Board Ren Adopted at	nuneration AGM (SEK)3	Board Meetings	Audit Committee	Compensation Committee	Independent
	2021	2020				
Jan Åke Jonsson ¹	410,000	390,000	8/8	3/3	2/2	Yes
Robert Dover	190,000	180,000	8/8	3/3		Yes
Jun Arimoto	190,000	180,000	8/8	3/3		Yes
Åsa Källenius ¹	190,000	180,000	8/8	3/3	2/2	Yes
Steve Gill	190,000	180,000	8/8	3/3		Yes
Steve Dawson	-	-	8/8	3/3		No
Summary	1,170,000	1,110,000				

2. Independent of the company, the management and major shareholders

3. Renumeration until next AGM, 50% paid current year, 50% next year

Statutory Board Meeting

In the statutory Board meeting held immediately after the AGM, Jan Åke Jonsson was re-confirmed as Chairman of the Board. Jan Åke Jonsson and Åsa Källenius were elected to constitute the Compensation Committee. Steve Dawson was reelected Managing Director for SinterCast AB (publ) and President & CEO of the SinterCast Group. Further, the entire Board was elected to constitute the Audit Committee.

Chairman of the Board

The Chairman directed the Board's activities and promoted the overall efficiency of the Board. The Chairman ensured that the Board's activities were conducted in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act and other applicable laws and regulations and ensured that the resolutions of the Board were implemented. The Chairman also conducted the evaluation of the Board's activities and shared the evaluation with the Nomination Committee. The Chairman approved the agenda for each Board meeting in consultation with the Managing Director. The Chairman had regular communication with the Managing Director, relayed opinions from shareholders to the other Board Members and acted as spokesperson on behalf of the Board.



Board Meetings

In connection with every quarterly report, the Managing Director presented the market and financial outlook and reported on operations and important current events. The Board of Directors dealt with long-term strategies, structural organisational issues, approval of the budget for the following year, the annual evaluation of the Board of Directors, risk assessment, human resources and succession planning. Individual Board Members also assisted the Group Management in various strategic and operational matters. The Work Programme defines the Board's work during the year.

Managing Director

The SinterCast Board appointed Steve Dawson as the Managing Director for SinterCast AB (publ) and President & CEO for the Group. The Managing Director, as responsible for the operational and strategic management of the company, has managed the company in accordance with the Board of Directors' instructions and guidelines. The Managing Director assisted the Chairman with the preparation for each Board and Audit Committee Meeting and distributed information, according to the Work Programme, to be decided upon by the Board. In addition, the Managing Director provided the Board with monthly reports including significant events and financial information.

The Managing Director established, as the President & CEO for the SinterCast Group, the Group Management during 2021 including the Operations Director and the Finance Director. The Operations Director left the company on 31 December 2021 and will not be replaced. More detailed information of the Group Management is presented on page 18.

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee, elected by the Board, consists of Jan Åke Jonsson and Åsa Källenius. The tasks and responsibilities of the Compensation Committee are defined in the Board's Work Programme. During the year, the Compensation Committee has evaluated variable remuneration programmes, special remuneration given for extraordinary efforts and the remuneration policy approved by the AGM. The Committee has also reviewed the remuneration for the Managing Director and the Group Management. Since the AGM 2021, the Compensation Committee carried out two minuted meetings. The Board was informed of the Compensation Committee's activities and ratified its proposals.

Remuneration Policy and Remuneration Report for Group Management 2021 and 2020

The Annual General Meeting 2020 decided upon a remuneration policy (guidelines) to contribute to the company's business strategy, long-term interest and sustainability in respect of the Managing Director, other members of the Group Management, other employees and Board Members. The policy needs to be re-approved at the AGM 2024, at the latest. The following italic text was approved by the 2020 AGM:

Remuneration etc. in relation to the Managing Director and other members of the Group Management

Remuneration, pension and benefits

The remuneration to members of the Group Management shall consist of a balanced combination of fixed remuneration, variable remuneration, pension and other benefits. The total remuneration shall be in accordance with market practice and shall be based on performance. The fixed remuneration shall be individually determined and shall be based on each individual's responsibility, role, competence and position. Variable remuneration shall be based on predetermined targets on the Group level and the individual level, considering the effect on the long-term result. In extraordinary situations a special compensation may be paid out to attract and retain key competence. Variable remuneration and special compensation may not exceed an amount corresponding to 75 percent of the fixed annual salary. Pension benefits are in the form of defined contribution plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the entity does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Variable remuneration and special compensation in extraordinary situations shall not constitute a basis for pension as far as this does not conflict with applicable collective agreement. Pension contributions may not exceed an amount corresponding to 30 percent of the fixed annual salary. Other benefits may include, for example, life insurance, medical insurance and company car. Costs for



such benefits may not amount to more than 10 percent of the base salary.

Termination of employment

Upon termination by the company, the notice period for the Managing Director is nine months, and six months for the other members of the Group Management. Upon termination of the Managing Director by the company the Managing Director is entitled to a severance payment corresponding to nine months compensation. Deduction shall not be made for remuneration paid by another employer. No severance payments have been agreed with the other members of the Group Management.

Remuneration etc. in relation to Board Members

Remuneration to Board Members (aside from Board Fee) shall only be paid in case Board Members (either personally or through a company) perform work for the company in addition to their ordinary board work. Such remuneration (consultancy fee) may not exceed, on a yearly basis, the Board Fee. The remuneration shall be based on current market rates and be proportionate to the benefit for the company and to the extent to which such work contributes to the development of SinterCast. Consultancy agreements with Board Members may be terminated by the company at any time by giving two months' notice.

Salary and employment terms for other employees of the company

When preparing the Board's proposed guidelines for remuneration to senior executives, consideration was given to the salary and employment terms of the company's other employees. The Board considered the total remuneration, the components of the remuneration, and the increase and rate of increase of the remuneration over time as part of the basis upon which the Board assessed whether the guidelines and the resulting limitations were reasonable.

Decision-making process for adopting, reviewing and implementing the guidelines

The Board shall prepare a proposal for new guidelines at least every fourth year and submit it to the General Meeting for decision. The Compensation Committee established by the Board shall continuously review and assess the guidelines and the implementation of the guidelines. To avoid conflicts of interests, no member of the Group Management shall participate in discussions or decisions which may affect their own remuneration or terms of employment. Further, the Board shall decide on the remuneration (consultancy fees) to any individual Board Member in the absence of the concerned Member.

Description of significant changes in the guidelines and how shareholders' views are taken into account.

The proposed guidelines do not entail any significant changes in relation to existing compensation guidelines at SinterCast. SinterCast has not received any direct input from the shareholders.

Deviation from the guidelines

The Board of Directors and, on behalf of the Board of Directors, the Compensation Committee, shall be entitled to deviate from the above guidelines if, in an individual case, there are specific reasons for this and a deviation is necessary to meet the long-term interests and sustainability of SinterCast or to secure financial viability of SinterCast.

The main conditions for remuneration to the Group Management in the current employment agreements are described in Note 5 in this Annual Report.

There were no material transactions between the company and any of the Board Members during the year, with the exception of the ordinary Board fees.

The remuneration policy (guidelines) in respect of the Managing Director, other members of the Group Management, other employees and Board Members is proposed to be unchanged in 2022. The AGM decided to approve the Board of Director's remuneration report for 2020.

Audit Committee

During the Statutory Board Meeting, all Board Members were elected to the Audit Committee. During the year, the Audit Committee has ensured that the company has adequate internal controls and formal routines to ensure that approved principles for financial reporting and internal controls have been applied, and that the company's financial reports have been produced in accordance with legislation, applicable accounting standards and other requirements for listed companies.

The Audit Committee met the Auditor during the year to discuss the Audit Report and the audit plan. The Audit Committee also met the Auditor in the absence of the Group Management. The Audit Committee evaluated the Auditors' work and provided feedback to the Nomination Committee in preparation for the election of the Auditor during the Annual General Meeting 2022. The Audit Committee also determined and identified risks to be handled in order to ensure good internal control and risk management. The Audit Committee prepared and approved the Corporate Governance Report for 2021.

External Auditor

At the AGM 2021, KPMG was re-appointed as Auditor and Jonas Eriksson was appointed as Auditor in charge by KPMG. The Auditor in charge has had three Auditors assisting in the audit work during the year. The audit follows an audit schedule, based on the Auditor's risk assessment, in agreement with the Audit Committee.

Prior to the AGM 2021, in conjunction with the approval of the Annual Report 2020, the auditor met with the Audit Committee. The Auditor met with the Board of Directors at the Board meeting in May, where the Auditor reported observations directly to the Board of Directors both with and without the presence of the Group Management. The Auditor reported on the audit of the company's annual accounts and consolidated accounts and accounting practices and reported observations directly to the Audit Committee. The Auditor audited the company's annual accounts and accounting practices and reviewed the Board's and the Managing Director's management of the company. The Auditor presented the annual Audit Report at the AGM 2021. The Audit Report contained a statement that the Annual Report has been compiled in accordance with the relevant legislation and recommended that the Directors and the Managing Director be discharged from liability.

After at the AGM 2021, at the Statutory Board Meeting, the Auditor presented the Audit Plan for 2021 and provided a follow-up of the Audit Plan during the November and March Audit Committee meetings. In November he presented the result from the review of the financial report for the period January–September 2021 and gave audit feedback from the interim audit procedures that were conducted during the third quarter of 2021. The Auditor also had separate discussions and meetings with the Chairman and company management during the year. In conjunction with the approval of this Annual Report 2021 the Auditor met with the Audit Committee. The Auditor reported on the audit of the company's annual accounts and consolidated accounts and accounting practices and reported observations directly to the Audit Committee. The Auditor audited the company's annual accounts and accounting practices and reviewed the Board's and the Managing Director's management of the company.



Auditor KPMG AB

Jonas Eriksson Authoritised Public Accountant

Company auditor since June 2020 Assignments: AddLife, Alligo, Conjeco, Knowit and Beijer Alma.

Nomination Committee

Nomination Committee after the AGM 2021 At the AGM 2021, Victoria Skoglund (Chairman), Jan Åke Jonsson, Andrea Fessler, Aage Figenschou, and Carina Andersson were elected to the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee is judged to be independent of the company and the largest shareholders.

The Chairman of the Board has described to the Nomination Committee the process applied for the annual evaluation of the Board of Directors and Managing Director and has provided information regarding the results of these evaluations to the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee's proposals to the AGM 2022 are to be presented in the notice of the AGM and on the company website. During the AGM 2022 the Nomination Committee will also present how it conducted its work and will explain its proposals. Since the AGM 2021 the Nomination Committee of SinterCast carried out several informal meetings and two minuted meetings. According to rules regarding equal gender representation, the Nomination Committee intends to report to the upcoming AGM how it has fulfilled its work regarding gender representation in the Board. The Nomination



Committee can be contacted at the following e-mail address: <u>nomination.committee@sintercast.com</u>.

Information

SinterCast must comply with the EU Market Abuse Regulation nr 596/2014 (MAR), which includes strict requirements of how SinterCast shall manage inside information. The MAR rules address how insider information shall be disclosed; under which conditions the disclosure may be postponed; and when SinterCast is obliged to keep a list of persons having access to inside information (a so-called Logbook).

During 2021, the company has used a digital Logbook to ensure compliance under the EU market abuse regulation and the insider policy of the company; from the decision to postpone the disclosure of insider information; up to the mandatory message including the closure of the Logbook and the disclosure date, to the Swedish Finansinspektionen. Only authorised personnel have access to the Logbook.

Summary

According to the Swedish Companies Act, the Board is responsible for ensuring that the company's organisation is designed in such a way that the bookkeeping, financial management and the company's financial conditions are controlled in a satisfactory manner. The Swedish Code of Corporate Governance clarifies and prescribes that the Board shall ensure that the company has adequate policies, internal controls and formal routines to ensure that approved principles for financial reporting and internal controls are applied, and that the company's financial reports comply with legislation, applicable accounting standards, policies and other requirements for listed companies.

The Board has decided that SinterCast shall comply with the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance and present a Corporate Governance Report in accordance with the Code including the Board of Directors' Report on internal control of financial reporting. The procedure and routines of SinterCast are compliant with the Corporate Governance code and this Corporate Governance Report does not indicate any significant deviations from the code.



Following a difficult start to 2021 for international travel and customer installations, December marked the successful commissioning of two new installations and two functionality upgrades. With more than 65 man-days at customer sites from late-November to mid-December, the heightened activity increased the installation revenue from SEK 1.7 million at the half-year point to SEK 8.5 million at year-end, surpassing the historical full-year average.



Board of Directors' Report on Internal Control and Risk Management of the Financial Reporting

Internal Control

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for internal control related to financial reporting. An important part of the Board's internal control management is to issue policies and instructions for the organisation with the objective to maintain a low risk profile regarding financial and legal matters, including: the Work Programme that clarifies the Board of Directors' responsibilities and regulates the internal distribution of work between the Board, its committees and the management; the Finance Policy, to define the Board of Directors' instructions regarding risk management and financial reporting, to ensure an effective risk profile and correct financial reporting; and the Authorisation Policy, including the organisation chart. In addition to the policies and instructions, the Board has established the Audit Committee. The entire Board constitutes the Audit Committee, and the primary task of the Audit Committee is to ensure that established principles for financial reporting and internal control regarding financial reporting are followed, to ensure the quality of the financial reports and that appropriate relations are maintained with the Auditor. The management and the Audit Committee assess the most critical accounting areas on an annual basis to prepare instructions for the financial reporting and to define how to apply the accounting policies according to IFRS, including accounting judgements and estimates.

Risk Assessment

The Business is monitored in a structured process and associated risks have been discussed and evaluated during most Board Meetings. Any change in significant risks will result in changes in the instructions for the preparation of financial reports. Processes to track changes in accounting regulations and to ensure that these changes are implemented correctly in the financial reporting are in place, in which the Auditors play an important role. The most critical accounting areas for SinterCast have been defined and include the valuation of deferred tax on tax losses carried forward, revenue recognition of system sales and the principle of capitalisation of research and development costs.

Control Activities and Monitoring

The primary purpose of control activities is to prevent, or to discover at an early stage, errors in the financial reporting so that these can be addressed and rectified. Control activities take place on both the overview and the detail levels within the Group. Routines and activities are designed in order to find and rectify significant risks associated with the financial reporting. Regarding control activities in critical areas of the financial reporting, the management follows the business regularly and conducts normal control activities on daily operation, monthly, quarterly and year-end closings. Quarterly reports and the Annual Report have been sent to the Board and the Audit Committee for review and approval. The management and the Board especially monitored critical accounting areas, including: review of the estimated future taxable profit and deferred tax asset calculation, by reviewing the forecast for secured series production programmes and probability factors (the forecasted contribution from secured production, reduced by the forecasted expenses for the operations provides the base for the final deferred tax asset calculation); the revenue recognition of system sales and related revenue streams, in which contract performance obligations review is included to define the individual revenue streams (equipment, Engineering Service, Annual Software Licence Fee); and, review of research and development projects during the period to assess to what extent expensed costs should be capitalised.

The Board's monitoring of the internal control with respect to financial reporting took place through the Audit Committee follow-up on the financial reporting. In advance of each major Board Meeting, management distributed pre-defined and various ad hoc reports to the Board. The reports and key audit areas were reviewed and discussed during the Board Meetings. Reports from the Auditors have been distributed to the Board.

Information and Communication

All external information must be provided in accordance with the listing agreement for listed companies in Sweden and according to EU market abuse regulation MAR. Information concerning the SinterCast Group and the Parent Company may only be provided by the Managing Director. The Board of Directors has issued and approved the Interim Reports and the Annual Report of the financial year. The reports have been published on the website after having first been sent to Nasdaq Stockholm stock exchange.



Income Statement – Group

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	2021	2020
Revenue	1, 9	107.4	95.4
Cost of goods sold	3, 17	-31.3	-27.1
Gross result		76.1	68.3
Cost of sales and marketing	3, 5, 9	-26.6	-25.0
Cost of administration	3, 4, 5, 10	-9.6	-8.5
Cost of research & development	2, 3, 5, 10	-11.8	-11.6
Other operating income	10	3.3	-
Other operating costs	10	-	-1.6
Operating result		31.5	21.7
Financial income		0.1	1.1
Financial costs		-2.5	-0.5
Financial net	11	-2.4	0.6
Result before income tax		29.0	22.3
Income tax	12	3.9	-0.1
Result for the year		32.9	22.2
Result attributable to:			
Equity holder of the parent company		32.9	22.2
Non-controlling interests		-	-
Earnings per share, SEK		4.6	3.1
Earnings per share, diluted, SEK		4.6	3.1
Number of shares at the close of the period, thousands	25, 29	7090.1	7090.1
Average number of shares, thousands	29	7090.1	7090.1
Average number of shares, diluted, thousands	29	7090.1	7090.1

Statement of Result and Other Comprehensive Income – Group

Amounts in SEK million	2021	2020
Result for the period	32.9	22.2
Other comprehensive income		
Items may be reclassified to the income statement		
Translation differences, foreign subsidiaries	0.2	-0.4
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	0.2	-0.4
Total comprehensive income for the period	33.2	21.9
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Shareholder of the parent company	33.2	21.9
Non-controlling interests	-	-



Balance Sheet – Group

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Capitalised development		5.1	5.2
Patents		0.8	1.0
Total intangible assets	13	5.9	6.2
Laboratory & production equipment, facility upgrades & computers		2.8	2.8
Process control equipment		-	0.1
Right of use assets		3.5	3.9
Total tangible assets	14	6.4	6.7
Other long-term receivables	16, 23	4.5	5.8
Total financial assets		4.5	5.8
Deferred tax asset	12	48.1	44.1
Total fixed assets		64.9	62.8
Current assets			
Inventory	17	10.4	9.4
Total inventory		10.4	9.4
Trade debtors	15, 23, 26	25.6	21.8
Other debtors	18, 23	1.3	1.6
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	19	1.8	5.6
Total short-term receivables		28.7	29.1
Total cash and cash equivalents	23, 26	27.5	26.3
Total current assets		66.6	64.9
Total assets		131.5	127.7
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	24, 25	7.1	7.1
Additional paid in capital		44.9	44.9
Translation differences, foreign subsidiaries	26	1.5	1.2
Accumulated result including result for the year		60.4	55.6
Total shareholders' equity		113.8	108.8
Other long term liabilities	20	2.4	3.2
Total long term liabilities		2.4	3.2
Accounts payable	23, 26	3.4	3.4
Other current liabilities	21, 23, 26	4.4	2.5
Accrued expenses and prepaid income	22	7.6	9.8
Total short term liabilities		15.3	15.7
Total liabilities		17.7	18.9
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		131.5	127.7



Statement of Changes in Equity – Group

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	Share Capital	Additional Paid in Capital	Exchange Differences	Cumulative Results	Total Equity
Opening balance 1 January 2020		7.1	44.9	1.6	58.1	111.7
Total comprehensive income						
Result for the year		-	-	-	22.3	22.3
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-0.4	-	-0.4
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-0.4	22.3	21.9
Dividend		-	-	-	-24.8	-24.8
Closing balance 31 December 2020	25	7.1	44.9	1.2	55.6	108.8
Opening balance 1 January 2021		7.1	44.9	1.2	55.6	108.8
Other		-	-	-	0.2	0.2
Total comprehensive income						
Result for the year		-	-	-	32.9	32.9
Other comprehensive income		-	-	0.2	-	0.2
Total comprehensive income		-	-	0.2	32.9	33.2
Dividend		-	-	-	-28.4	-28.4
Closing balance 31 December 2021	25	7.1	44.9	1.5	60.4	113.8



Cashflow Statement – Group

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	2021	2020
Operating activities			
Operating result		31.5	21.7
Adjustments for items not included in the cash flow			
Depreciation	13, 14	3.8	3.7
Other		-0.5	-
Unrealised exchange rate differences		-1.9	0.5
Paid interest		-0.5	-0.4
Paid income tax		-	-0.1
Total cashflow from operating activities		32.5	25.4
before change in working capital			
Change in working capital			
Inventory	17	-1.0	-1.1
Operating receivables	15	1.8	-3.9
Operating liabilities	18, 19, 21, 22	0.1	1.7
Total change in working capital		0.9	-3.3
Cashflow from operations		33.4	22.1
Investing activities			
Acquisition of intangible assets	13	-2.4	-1.2
Acquisition of tangible assets	14	-0.8	-1.6
Cashflow from investing activities		-3.2	-2.8
Financing activities			
Payment lease liability		-0.7	-1.1
Dividend		-28.4	-24.8
Cashflow from financing activities		-29.1	-25.9
Exchange rate differences in cash and cash equivalents		0.1	-
Cashflow for the period		1.2	-6.6
Cash - opening balance		26.3	32.9
Cash - closing balance*	26	27.5	26.3

* The cash and cash equivalents comprise short-term deposits and cash at bank and in hand



Income Statement – Parent Company

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	2021	2020	
Revenue	1, 9	106.7	94.6	
Cost of goods sold	3, 17	-32.5	-27.5	
Gross result		74.2	67.1	
Cost of sales and marketing	3, 5, 9	-26.6	-25.0	
Cost of administration	3, 5, 9	-9.6	-8.6	
Cost of research & development	2, 3, 5, 10	-11.8	-11.6	
Other operating income	10	2.6	-	
Other operating costs	10	-	-0.8	
Operating result		28.8	21.1	
Financial income		0.1	1.1	
Financial costs		-2.3	-0.1	
Financial net	11	-2.2	1.0	
Result before income tax		26.6	22.1	
Income tax	12	4.0	-0.1	
Result for the period		30.6	22.1	

Statement of Result and Other Comprehensive Income – Parent Company

Amounts in SEK million	2021	2020
Result for the period	30.6	22.0
Total comprehensive income for the period	30.6	22.0



Balance Sheet – Parent Company

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Capitalised development		5.1	5.2
Patents		0.8	1.0
Total intangible assets	13	5.9	6.2
Laboratory & production equipment, facility upgrades & computers		2.8	2.8
Process control equipment		-	0.1
Total tangible assets	14	2.8	2.8
Shares in subsidiaries	24	1.9	1.9
Other long-term receivables	16, 23	4.1	5.5
Deferred tax asset	12, 16	48.1	44.1
Total financial assets		54.2	51.5
Total fixed assets		62.9	60.4
Inventory	17	10.3	9.3
Total inventory		10.3	9.3
Trade debtors	26	25.2	21.2
Intercompany receivables		1.0	2.7
Other debtors	18, 23, 26	1.3	1.6
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	19	1.5	5.2
Total short-term receivables		29.0	30.7
Cash at bank and in hand	26	23.8	22.7
Total current assets		63.0	62.7
Total assets		126.0	123.2
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	24, 25	7.1	7.1
Statutory reserve		9.5	9.5
Other reserve		5.0	5.0
Total restricted capital		21.6	21.6
Share premium reserve		35.3	35.3
Result brought forward		15.3	21.6
Result for the year		30.6	22.0
Total retained capital		81.3	79.0
Total Shareholders' equity		102.9	100.7
Long term liabilities	20	-	-
Accounts payable	23, 26	3.2	3.2
Intercompany receivables		12.3	11.0
Other current liabilities	21, 23, 26	2.4	1.2
Accrued expenses and prepaid income	22	5.1	7.0
Total short term liabilities		23.1	22.5
Total liabilities		23.1	22.5
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		126.0	123.2
Adjusted equity per share, SEK		14.5	14.2



Statement of Changes in Equity – Parent Company

Unrestricted Equity

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	Share Capital	Statutory Reserve	Reserve Develop- ment Costs	Share Premium Reserve	Results Brought Forward	Results for the Year	Total Equity
Open balance 1 January 2020		7.1	9.5	5.2	35.3	-0.1	46.4	103.4
Appropriation of last year's result		-	-	-	-	46.4	-46.4	-
Capitalised development costs		-	-	1.2	-	-1.2	-	-
Depreciation, development costs		-	-	-1.4	-	1.4	-	-
Result of the year*		-	-	-	-	-	22.0	22.0
Dividend		-	-	-	-	-24.8	-	-24.8
Closing balance 31 December 2020	25	7.1	9.5	5.0	35.3	21.6	22.0	100.7
Open balance 1 January 2021		7.1	9.5	5.0	35.3	21.6	22.0	100.7
Appropriation of last year's result		-	-	-	-	22.0	-22.0	-
Capitalised development costs		-	-	1.9	-	-1.9	-	-
Depreciation, development costs		-	-	-2.0	-	2.0	-	-
Result of the year*		-	-	-	-	-	30.6	30.6
Dividend		-	-	-	-	-28.4	-	-28.4
Closing balance 31 December 2021	25	7.1	9.5	5.0	35.3	15.3	30.6	102.9

* Result of the year corresponds to total comprehensive income for the year



Cashflow Statement – Parent Company

Amounts in SEK million	Note:	2021	2020
Operating activities			
Operating result		28.8	21.1
Adjustments for items not included in the cash flow			
Depreciation	13, 14	2.9	2.4
Other		-0.9	1.0
Unrealised exchange rate differences		-1.9	0.1
Received interest		0.1	0.1
Paid interest		-0.1	-0.1
Paid income tax		-0.1	-0.1
Total cashflow from operating activities		28.8	24.4
before change in working capital			
Change in working capital			
Inventory	17	-1.0	-1.0
Operating receivables	15	3.0	-3.7
Operating liabilities	18, 19, 21, 22	0.6	0.1
Total change in working capital		2.6	-4.6
Cashflow from operations		31.5	19.8
Investing activities			
Acquisition of intangible assets	13	-1.2	-1.2
Acquisition of tangible assets	14	-0.8	-1.6
Cashflow from investing activities		-2.0	-2.8
Financing activities			
Dividend		-28.4	-24.8
Cashflow from financing activities		-28.4	-24.8
Exchange rate differences in cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cashflow for the period		1.1	-7.8
Cash - opening balance		22.7	30.5
Cash - closing balance*	26	23.8	22.7

* The cash and cash equivalents comprise short-term deposits and cash at bank and in hand



Accounting Policies

General Information

SinterCast AB (publ) is the Parent Company of the SinterCast Group with its registered office located in Stockholm, Sweden. SinterCast is the world's leading supplier of process control technology for the reliable high volume production of Compacted Graphite Iron (CGI). The consolidated financial accounts for SinterCast AB (publ) for the financial year ending 31 December 2021 were approved on 22 March 2022 by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director, for publication on 23 March 2022 and will be presented at the Annual General Meeting on 17 May 2022.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as endorsed by the European Union. The consolidated accounts of the Group also comply with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 1 - Supplemental Accounting Rules for Groups. The accounts of the Parent Company comply with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2 - Accounting for Legal Entities. The accounting policies used by the Parent Company comply with the policies used by the Group unless otherwise stated. IFRS-16 leases is not used by the parent company according RFR 2.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated. It is judged that there are no IFRS or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2021 that had a material impact on the Group.

Critical Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements according to IFRS requires judgement of how to use accounting policies. Further, the management must decide how to apply chosen accounting principles. The principle of valuation of deferred taxes on tax losses carried forward, revenue recognition of system sales and capitalisation of Research & Development costs are important for SinterCast.

The standard for accounting for deferred tax is IAS 12 "Income Taxes". Interpretation of IAS 12 is that recognition of deferred tax assets for the carry forward of unused tax losses may be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

SinterCast uses a model to calculate to which extent the carried forward tax losses can be utilised. The calculation is based on the SinterCast business model in the form of its contracts with foundries for the programs that are in current series production or where foundry customers have received definitive orders for future series production in SinterCast-CGI. The input for the model is based on the forecast volume, as communicated by the foundry and/or OEM, and is adjusted with a probability factor for each series production program. The programs and probability factors are reviewed regularly. To determine the future taxable profit, the forecast contribution from secured production is reduced by the forecast expenses of the operations. The calculations are based on historical ten-year average currency rates.

The above model is only used to determine the amounts of the tax losses that are probable to be utilised within the forecast horizon, as required by IAS 12, and does not constitute a profit forecast.

In revenue recognition of system sales, SinterCast needs to assess whether the revenue will be recognised over time or at a point in time. The effect of variable considerations and the time value of money on transaction price need to be assessed and quantitative and qualitative disclosures about the entity's agreements with customers, performance obligations in the contracts and significant judgements may be required. Revenue recognition of system sales and related revenue streams (Equipment, Engineering Service, Annual



Software Licence Fee) is based upon performance obligations in the contract.

Development costs that have been directly associated with specific and unique development projects and where management is confident that the resulting products will generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year are recognised as intangible assets when all criteria for recognition have been fulfilled. In applying this principle, management also considers the ability of market success and the future economic benefits.

Group Consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the Parent Company and all companies in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly controls more than 50% of the voting rights or by other means has full control. A controlling influence exists if the Parent Company has influence over the investment object, is exposed to or has the right to variable returns from its engagement and can use its influence over the investment to affect the returns. In the assessment as to whether a controlling influence exists, potential shares that entitle the holder to votes are taken into account as well as whether de facto control exists. No minority interest currently exists.

The consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the purchase method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. The Group has no additional shareholdings at present other than the subsidiaries.

Classification

Non-current assets essentially consist of amounts which are expected to be recovered more than twelve months after the balance-sheet date. Current assets essentially consist of amounts that are expected to be recovered within twelve months of the balance-sheet date. Long-term liabilities essentially consist of amounts that SinterCast has an unconditional right to choose to pay more than twelve months after the end of the reporting period. If SinterCast does not have that right at the end of the reporting period - or if the liability is held for trade or is expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle - the amount of debt is accounted for as a short-term liability.

Cost by Functions and Segment Reporting

Costs in SinterCast are presented in the profit and loss statement classified by function. This coincides best with how SinterCast looks upon and controls its business.

SinterCast constitutes one segment and the financial statements are presented accordingly. At present, SinterCast provides only two products: process control systems for the reliable production of Compacted Graphite Iron with related services for product development, installations, calibration, and technical support; and, a suite of tracking technologies, including the SinterCast Ladle Tracker® and SinterCast Cast Tracker®, to improve process control, productivity and traceability in a variety of applications. The company judges that the opportunities and risks with its business are related to the overall CGI market development. The format of the financial statements presented in this Annual Report coincides with the internal reporting structure the company's business activities that management uses to plan, control and follow.

Intangible Assets

Capitalised Patent Expenses

Costs that are directly associated with filing a patent controlled by the Group in a new market, and where the patent is expected to generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised in the balance sheet. The annual patent fees are expensed. Amortisation of capitalised patent expenses is included in the costs for Research & Development.

Capitalised Development Costs Development Costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique new products



controlled by the Group are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

 It is technically feasible to complete the product so that it will be available for use;

Management intends to complete the product and sell it;

- There is an ability to sell the product;

 The means by which the product will generate probable future economic benefits can be demonstrated;

 Adequate technical, financial and other resources are available to complete the development and to sell the product; and

 The expenditure attributable to the product during its development can be reliably measured

Directly attributable costs that are capitalised include direct employee costs.

Costs that have been directly associated with the development of specific and unique customer products controlled by the Group and that are expected to generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised as intangible assets. Capitalised development costs related to specific customer projects are amortised over the estimated useful life of the projects. Amortisation of capitalised development costs are included in the costs for Research & Development.

Capitalised development costs in the Parent Company are reported as restricted equity in other reserves. Depreciation of capitalised development costs recognised in profit for the year is transferred from restricted equity to non-restricted equity to the extent that depreciation relates to these investments.

Depreciation

The rate of depreciation, after evaluation of the useful lives is 12 years (8%) for patents and similar rights and 5–7 years (14–20%) for capitalised development.

Impairment of Assets

Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The impairment test is based on future estimated income.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash generating units. Assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date. Assets not subject to amortisation, which refer to capitalised development yet to be finalised, are tested for impairment on an quarterly basis.

Tangible Assets

Tangible assets consist of laboratory and production equipment, facility upgrades, computers, installed process control equipment, lease agreements for facilities and vehicles and office furniture. The tangible assets are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Expenses for improvement of the assets are included in the carrying amount when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Costs for maintenance and repair are expensed. The assets are depreciated systematically over the anticipated useful life using the straight-line method. The rate of depreciation, after evaluation of the useful life for each asset is 3 years (33%) for computers, 3-4 years (24-33%) for laboratory and production equipment, 3-4 years (24-33%) for installed process control equipment, 7 years (14%) for shortterm facility upgrades and lease agreements and 10 years (10%) for production tooling and long-term facility upgrades and work shop equipment.

The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount



if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is a real or virtual document such as derivative instruments, commercial papers, fixed income instruments, debt or loan agreements, representing a legal agreement between two or more parties regarding a right to payment of money. A financial asset or liability is recognised when the company is a party to the contractual conditions of the instrument. Acquisitions and sales of financial instruments are accounted for at trade date. An instrument is removed from the balance sheet when cashflow rights from the instrument have expired or been transferred and when the Group has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Financial liabilities are also derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cashflows have been materially modified. If modified, a new financial liability is recognised, measured at amortised cost. When a financial liability is derecognised, the difference between the recognised value and the proceeds received is accounted for in the profit and loss statement.

Classification

SinterCast classifies its instruments in the following measurement categories:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- Financial assets to be measured at amortised cost
- Financial liabilities to be measured at amortised cost

The classification for interest-bearing assets is based on the nature of the assets' cash flows and business model. Investments in equity instruments shall be measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS 9. SinterCast has chosen to report the changes in value of such instruments in the income statement.

Financial Asset at Amortised Cost

Interest-bearing assets (debt instruments) held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows and where these cash flows consist only of principal amounts and interest are valued at amortised cost. The carrying amount of these assets is adjusted with any expected loan losses (see paragraph below). Interest income from these financial assets is reported using the effective interest method and is reported as financial income. The Group's financial assets that are valued at amortised cost consist of long term receivables, trade debtors and cash and cash equivalents.

Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss consist of funds, short term investments and derivative instruments.

Short-term investments are valued at fair value through the income statement as the Group's business model is to manage the funds based on value development and to continuously realise results by divesting parts of the investments. Equity instruments where the Group has chosen to report these at fair value through the income statement are also included in this category. A gain or loss on a financial asset recognised at fair value through the income statement is recognised net in the income statement in the period in which the gain or loss arises.

Derivative Instruments, included in other debtors or other creditors are always recognised at fair value through the income statement and gain or loss is recognised in the financial net in the income statement in the period in which the gain or loss arises.

Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost

The Group's financial liabilities are classified as valued at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities at amortised cost



consist of accounts payable and other liabilities, excluding accruals. Liabilities are initially reported at fair value, net after transaction costs. Liabilities are subsequently reported at amortised cost and any difference between the amount received (net after transaction costs) and the repayment amount is reported in the statement of comprehensive income distributed over the loan period, applying the effective interest method. Liabilities are classified as short-term in the balance sheet if the company does not have an unconditional right to postpone the debt's regulation for more than twelve months after the reporting period. Dividends are reported as a liability after the Annual General Meeting approval. Accounts payable and other operating liabilities have short, expected maturities and are valued without discounting at nominal amounts.

Impairment of Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses the future expected loan losses that are linked to assets reported at accrued acquisition value based on forward-looking information. The Group's financial assets for which expected loan losses are expected to consist essentially of accounts receivable and other receivables. The Group applies the simplified approach for credit reservation, that is, the reserve will correspond to the expected loss over the entire life of the accounts receivable.

Foreign Currency Translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Swedish Kronor, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currency have been translated into the functional currency at the transaction date using the exchange rate prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Payment in foreign currency following the transaction, resulting in currency gain or loss, is accounted for in the profit and loss statements. Conversion of monetary liabilities or receivables in foreign currency has been made at the currency rate at the end of the period. Gains or losses from recalculation of receivables or liabilities related to the operation are presented in the profit and loss statements as other income or costs.

Translation of Group Companies

Translating the foreign subsidiaries' financial statements into Swedish Kronor has been made according to the following principles:

- All assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet.
- Income and expenses for each profit and loss statement are translated at average exchange rates.

The exchange rate differences for the period that consequently arise are recognised as Other Comprehensive Income. Accumulated exchange differences are presented in the balance sheet as Translation differences, foreign subsidiaries.

Revenue Recognition

Consideration is paid in the form of payments for the delivery of Equipment, Series Production and Engineering Service. SinterCast also needs to assess whether the revenue will be recognised over time or at a point in time. The effect of variable considerations and the time value of money on transaction price need to be assessed and quantitative and qualitative disclosures about the entity's agreements with customers, performance obligations in the contracts and significant judgements may be required. The sale of spare parts, consumables and stand-alone equipment components that are delivered without interconnected services are usually recognised as revenue in connection with the shipment of the goods. Transport is normally ex-works according to Incoterms rules. Payment terms is normally 30 days net.

Agreements

When SinterCast becomes a party to an agreement, the agreement is analysed to determine how many distinct performance obligations it contains. The consideration received or to be received under the agreement, i.e. the transaction price, is allocated to



each distinct performance obligation based on the relative share of each obligation on the estimated stand-alone selling price for the total contractual obligation. The allocated amount is then recognised as revenue when the obligation is fulfilled, either at a point in time or over time. The following describes how and when each revenue stream is recognised

Sales of Systems

Consideration for the sale of a system is based on payment for hardware, software and installation, calibration of the system at the customer site and when applicable, additional services. A standard agreement system sale, containing an interconnected hardware supply, software delivery and on-site services for commissioning and hardware calibration, is a joint undertaking (one bundled performance obligation). The reason why these different parts of the agreement are regarded as one bundled performance obligation is that the total promise to the customer is that the customer buys fully installed, calibrated equipment, normally according to the standard installation specification, and is reported as revenue at a point in time when the following criteria are fulfilled: the customer has legal ownership, physical possession, control and benefits of the calibrated installed system; and, SinterCast has the right to payment i.e., the control has been transferred to the customer.

In addition, agreements may also include services to be delivered after the installation, such as process support, product calibration, or additional process support services, training, or additional engineering services. Revenue recognition of such additions are treated as distinct obligations and accounted for over time, separately from the bundled system sale In these circumstances an described above. allocation of the total transaction price is performed. The total transaction price in the agreement is split between the bundled equipment component and the additional services. System sale is allocated into the revenue streams Equipment and Annual Software License Fee. Agreement for unique, non-standard, special purpose customer built systems are recognised over time.

Series Production

Series Production revenue is comprised of consumables, production fee and annual software license fee.

The sale of consumables is usually reported in connection with the delivery of the goods, i.e., the following criteria have been established; the goods are delivered, the customer has legal ownership and physical possession.

The production fee per tonne of cast goods, based on the intellectual property rights of SinterCast, shall be recognised as revenue when the license is distinct and based on the use of the intellectual property right, i.e. the revenues relate specifically to the license and not to other obligations. Production fees are recognised on an accrual basis when the customer has reported shipped castings. Estimates are made to account for late production reporting.

Software License Fee identified as separate performance commitments are of the character "right to use". A "right to use" license means the right to use the intellectual property of SinterCast in its existing condition at the time the license is granted. The right to use license is reported at a given time, i.e. at the time when the customer gets control of the license. Typically, distinct licenses of the kind are "the right to use" because the services that could affect the value and benefit of the license are reported separately as a separate distinct performance obligation. SinterCast defines the licenses as "right to use" and an annual software license fee is charged according to the customer agreement. The license fee is reported in the income statement at the time when the lease term starts. and the customer has control over the asset.

Engineering Service

Revenue from services refer to service contracts where no assets are created and where the customer consumes the service when it is provided. The obligation is assessed to be met over time. Service revenue is recognised in the accounting period in which the service is performed when SinterCast has the right to invoice the customer.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost consists of purchase price, and other costs directly related to the purchase, and is determined using the first in, first out method (FIFO). Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and, the amount can be reasonably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Employee Benefits

All expenses related to the remuneration of the employees have been accounted for in the period the work has been performed. If notice terminating the employment has been served, expenses until termination of the employment are accounted for during the notice period. If future period contributions are received from the employee, the expense will be recognised as cost in that future accounting period.

The pension plan for employees in the UK is based on a 30% contribution of the salary while, for employees in the US, it is based on a 15% contribution of the salary, without any future commitments in either country. All commitments to the employees are in the form of defined contribution plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity.

The pension plan for employees in Sweden follows the ITP- plan insured by Alecta. The Alecta ITP-plan is by definition a multi-employer benefit plan but is constructed such that it is not possible to calculate surplus or deficit on the pension plans that fulfil the requirements in IAS 19 enabling defined benefit accounting, for the respective participating legal entities. The plan is therefore accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

Alecta reported preliminary collective а consolidation level on December 31, 2021 of 172 (148) percent. The collective consolidation level is defined as the fair value of Alecta's plan assets in percent of the insured pension commitments calculated according Alecta's actuarial to assumptions, which are not in accordance with IAS 19. Such a surplus can be distributed among the employers or the beneficiaries, but there is no agreement concerning this that enables the company to report a receivable from Alecta. Alecta's pension commitments to SinterCast are insignificant 0.00512% (0.00239%) for Alecta in relation to their total pension commitments. SinterCast represents 0.00328% (0.00289%) of the total number of insured individuals at Alecta.

The pension age for the majority of SinterCast employees is expected to be 65-67 years; however, this is regulated by the relevant national laws rather than by the individual employment agreements.

Leasing Agreements

SinterCast as Lessee

The Group's lease agreements consist mainly of offices, warehouses, company cars and office equipment. The average lease period for buildings is approximately five years, and for machinery and equipment approximately three years.

The Group recognises a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability at the commencement of the lease. Whether a contract contains a lease is determined based on whether SinterCast has the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset as defined by IFRS 16 is measured at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise the amount of



the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

The nominal lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments, amounts to be expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of reasonably certain extension options, and payments of penalties for terminating a lease in case this reflects the lease term. The lease payments are discounted at a single discount rate. The lease term is the noncancellable period of the lease plus the period covered by an option to extend or option to terminate if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the extension option. Management judgment based on realistic estimates is used when determining the lease term. The right-of-use assets are depreciated and interest on lease liabilities recognised in the statement of income over the lease term. The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at initial recognition less occurring lease payments that are allocated to the principal.

The lease liability for premises with an index-linked rent is calculated with the rent at the end of the reporting period. The liability is adjusted with the corresponding amount as the right of use asset is adjusted at the last notice date within the previously assessed leasing period or when significant events occur, or circumstances change significantly in a way that is within the Group's control and affects the current assessment of the leasing period.

Lease payments are presented as repayments of liabilities and related interest expenses. The lease payments are presented in the cash flow from financing activities and the interest related to leases are presented in the cash flow from operating activities. Lease payments related to short-term leases, low-value assets and variable payments are presented in the cash flow from operating activities.

The lease and non-lease components are separated. Modifications to lease agreements may result in adjustments to existing right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. A gain or loss arising from a modification and a termination of a lease agreement is recognised in other operating income or other operating expenses in the statement of income. Lease contracts shorter than 12 months or ending within 12 months at the date of application are considered short-term and hence not recognised as lease liability or right-of-use asset. Low value contracts (with a value below EUR 5,000) are also excluded from being recognised as lease liability or right-of-use asset.

The parent company uses the exception in RFR 2 to not report lease agreements in accordance with IFRS 16. Lease payments under operational leases are recognised in the profit and loss statement on a straight-line basis over the contractual period of the lease. If equipment is sold after the lease period has expired, the revenue from the sale is accounted as revenue.

SinterCast as Lessor

The Group has classified its lease agreements as operational because the Group maintains the ownership and associated risks and returns. At all times, SinterCast retains the ownership of the SinterCast software and systems.

Taxes

Tax on temporary differences is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. The accounting policy for deferred tax in relation to unused carryforward tax losses is described under the heading "Critical Accounting Judgements and Estimates" and presented in the Accounting Notes.

Liquidity/Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash, cash holdings at bank and short-term deposits available with less than three months' notice.

Rounding

The total amount in tables and statements might not always sum up to the same number due to differences in rounding. The aim is to have each line item corresponding to the source and it might therefore be rounding differences in the total.

Amount below SEK 50,000 is presented as "0.0". Where no amount is applicable, the value is presented as "-".

SinterCast – Supermetal CGI –

Accounting Notes to the Financial Statements

ALL AMOUNTS IN SEK MILLION UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

1 Revenue Breakdown

Equipment includes sold and leased CGI and Tracking systems and Spare Parts. Series Production includes Consumables, Production Fees and Software Licence Fees. Engineering Service includes performed Engineering Services, Demonstrations and sales of Test Pieces. Group sales represent delivery to foreign subsidiaries of Equipment and Engineering Service. Group purchases represent mainly services provided by the subsidiaries.

	GROUP		PARENT C	OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Equipment	8.5	16.6	7.2	16.6
Series Production	97.4	77.1	95.6	74.8
Engineering Service	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.6
Group Sales	-	-	2.5	1.7
Total	107.4	95.4	106.7	94.6
Group sales of total sales for the Parent Company %			2%	2%
Group purchases of costs of goods sold for the Parent Company			19.1	18.2
Group purchases of costs of goods sold for the Parent Company %			54%	53%

	GROUP	
Revenue Breakdown per Country	2021	2020
Brazil	54.4	52.9
Mexico	30.6	20.6
Sweden	9.3	9.5
Korea	7.4	3.6
USA	2.2	1.8
UK	1.6	0.1
China	1.1	3.9
Japan	0.4	0.4
Other	0.4	2.6
Total	107.4	95.4

2 Research & Development

	GROUP		PARENT COMPA	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Costs for personnel and administration	8.2	7.5	8.2	7.5
Material in R&D	0.6	1.6	0.6	1.6
Depreciation and write down	2.3	1.8	2.3	1.8
Capitalised development	-0.9	-1.2	-0.9	-1.2
Other	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.9
Total	11.8	11.6	11.8	11.6



3 Costs per Category

	GROUP		PARENT C	OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Personnel expenses	44.1	38.8	28.4	22.9
Material costs of goods sold and R&D	16.9	16.0	16.4	15.9
Consultants; sales, marketing and administration	5.6	7.4	5.2	6.9
Depreciation and write down	3.8	3.7	2.9	2.4
Office and related costs	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.7
Travel, commission, exhibition and other sales costs	2.6	1.9	2.2	1.4
Operational foreign exchange difference	-3.2	1.6	-2.5	0.8
Other	3.6	2.4	4.1	3.6
Group purchase	-	-	19.1	18.2
Total	76.9	75.0	78.8	74.7

4 Auditors' Fees

	GROUP		PARENT C	OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
KPMG (Sweden)				
Audit fees	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3
Other statutory audit fees	-	0.1	-	0.1
Total	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
PricewaterhouseCoopers (Sweden)				
Audit fees	-	-0.1	-	-0.1
Other statutory audit fees	-	0.1	-	0.1
Other services	0.1	-	0.1	-
Total	0.1	-	0.1	-
Timothy N. Horne Ltd & Darby (United Kingdom)				
Audit fees	-	-	-	-
Tax consultancy	-	-	-	-
Total	0.1	0.1	-	-
Beijing Jiarun CPA Ltd (China)				
Total	-	-	-	-
Total	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4



5 Salaries and Remunerations

Salaries, Remuneration, Pension and Benefits

Salaries and remunerations consist of fixed remunerations, taxable benefits in the form of insurance premiums paid for life, long term disability and medical, school fees, company cars and variable remunerations. Taxable benefits amount to less than 10 percent of the base salary. Variable remuneration has been awarded to almost every employee and the variable part constituted a minor part of the total remuneration package. During the financial and prior year, no share based related benefits existed. Pension benefits are in the form of defined contribution plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Pension contributions amount less than 30 percent of the fixed annual salary. Pension costs include additional voluntary contributions.

Total Salaries, Remunerations and Board Remunerations Expensed Allocated Per Country and Category ALL AMOUNTS IN SEK

		2021			2020	
GROUP	Salaries and remuneration	Social security costs	Pension costs	Salaries and remuneration	Social security costs	Pension costs
China	1,485,221	173,211	-	1,580,459	117,898	-
Korea	1,759,040	-	164,581	1,897,908	-	168,048
Sweden	20,000,555	5,866,740	3,428,057	16,329,026	4,682,217	2,757,734
United Kingdom	4,938,820	667,910	1,002,892	4,881,103	659,337	973,343
USA	4,688,675	215,738	494,843	4,785,243	213,029	523,672
Total	32,872,311	6,923,599	5,090,373	29,473,739	5,672,481	4,422,797
Per Category						
Employees	23,746,240	4,926,813	3,329,550	20,286,117	3,793,357	2,615,968
Group management						
Managing Director ¹	4,938,820	667,910	1,002,892	4,881,103	659,337	973,343
Other two Directors ²	3,041,787	1,133,141	757,931	3,197,205	1,051,703	833,486
Board	1,145,464	195,735	-	1,109,314	168,084	-
Total	32,872,311	6,923,599	5,090,373	29,473,739	5,672,481	4,422,797
Variable remuneration fro	om the incentive p	programme for th	e group mana	agement is include	ed in the table ab	ove
1. Managing Director	435,537			657,048		
2. Other two Directors	393,281			503,038		
PARENT COMPANY						
Sweden						
Employees ³	15,813,304	4,537,864	2,670,126	12,022,507	3,462,430	1,924,248
Group management	3,041,787	1,133,141	757,931	3,197,205	1,051,703	833,486
Board	1,145,464	195,735	-	1,109,314	168,084	
Total	20,000,555	5,866,740	3,428,057	16,329,026	4,682,217	2,757,734

3. Contributions to the Alecta ITP-2 pension plan amounted to SEK 1.2 million (0.8). The expected contribution for next year is approximately SEK 1.3 million.



Remuneration Guidelines for Senior Executives

The Annual General Meeting 2020 adopted Guidelines for remuneration to Senior Executives, i.e. the Managing Director, other members of the Group Management and Board Members. The complete Guidelines are presented in the Corporate Governance section.

Remuneration, Pension and Benefits

The remuneration to members of the Group Management shall consist of a balanced combination of fixed remuneration, variable remuneration, pension and other benefits. The total remuneration shall be in accordance with market practice and shall be based on performance. The fixed remuneration shall be individually determined and shall be based on each individual's responsibility, role, competence and position. Variable remuneration shall be based on predetermined targets on the Group level and the individual level, considering the effect on the long-term result. In extraordinary situations a special compensation may be paid out to attract and retain key competence. Variable remuneration and special compensation may not exceed an amount corresponding to 75 percent of the fixed annual salary.

Pension benefits are in the form of defined contribution plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the entity does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Variable remuneration and special compensation in extraordinary situations shall not constitute a basis for pension as far as this does not conflict with applicable collective agreement. Pension contributions may not exceed an amount corresponding to 30 percent of the fixed annual salary.

Other benefits may include, for example, life insurance, medical insurance and company car. Costs for such benefits may not amount to more than 10 percent of the base salary.

Group Management

The remuneration to the Managing Director is allocated according to the compensation committee's resolution and includes variable remuneration, taxable benefits in the form of insurance premiums paid for life, long term disability and medical, and school fees. Pension contributions (30% of salary) are based on contributions made without any further commitments. The remuneration to the other two (two) members of the Group Management, the Operations Director and the Finance Director, during 2021, include variable remuneration and benefits for company cars. In addition, pension contributions were paid, including additional voluntary contributions. The pension plan follows the Swedish ITP-Plan, according to collective agreement. The Operations Director left the company on 31 December 2021.

The Board of Directors

The Annual General Meeting decides upon a total Board remuneration, for the period until the next AGM, with no Board remuneration for the Managing Director. The Board remuneration during the financial and prior year has been in accordance with the AGM decision. No Board fees were allocated to the Managing Director. No bonus schemes, incentive programmes, pension commitments, or pension liabilities exist for the Board Members, with the exception of the Managing Director. Board Member Jun Arimoto received minor remunerations for consulting services in Japan according to the Consulting Agreement approved by the Board.

Total Board Remuneration Adopted at the AGM until next AGM

ALL AMOUNTS IN SEK

	2021	2020
Jan Åke Jonsson ¹	410,000	390,000
Robert Dover	190,000	180,000
Jun Arimoto	190,000	180,000
Åsa Källenius	190,000	180,000
Steve Gill	190,000	180,000
Steve Dawson	-	-
Total	1,170,000	1,110,000

1. Chairman



6 Transactions with Related Parties

No substantial transactions took place between SinterCast and the Board or management during 2021 other than disclosed in note 5.

7 Board and Group Management

		2021			2020	
GROUP	Total	Female	Female%	Total	Female	Female%
Board Members	13	2	15%	13	2	15%
CEO and Group Management	3	-	0%	3	-	0%
First-Reporting-Level managers	9	2	22%	5	1	20%
PARENT COMPANY						
Board Members	6	1	17%	6	1	17%
CEO and Group Management	3	-	0%	3	-	0%

8 Average Number of Employees During the Year

2021		2020	
Total	Male	Total	Male
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1
24	19	21	16
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
29	24	26	21
24	19	21	16
24	19	21	16
	Total 1 24 1 29 29	Total Male 1 1 1 1 24 19 1 1 22 2 29 24 24 19 1 1 2 2 29 24 24 19	Total Male Total 1 1 1 1 1 1 24 19 21 1 1 1 24 2 2 29 24 26 24 19 21

Number of Employees at Year End

	2021	2021		
GROUP	Total	Male	Total	Male
China	1	1	1	1
Korea	1	1	1	1
Sweden	25	19	23	18
United Kingdom	1	1	1	1
USA	2	2	2	2
Total	30	24	28	23
PARENT COMPANY				
Sweden	25	19	23	18
Total	25	19	23	18



9 Leasing

	GRC	OUP	PARENT COMPANY	
SinterCast as Lessor	2021	2020	2021	2020
Income from operational leasing	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Contracted future undiscounted income from operational leasing	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Receivables within 1 year	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Receivables within 1-2 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Receivables within 2-3 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Receivables within 3-4 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Receivables within 4–5 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Leased equipment refers to Agreements with SKF.

	GR	GROUP		OMPANY
SinterCast as Lessee	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cost from leased premises and equipment	-	-	1.4	1.2
Contracted future commitments	-	-	7.0	7
Payable within 1 year	-	-	1.3	1.4
Payable within 2–5 years	-	-	5.3	5.6
Payable beyond 5 years	-	-	-	-

Parent company operational leasing fees are charged to the operating result and refer primarily to leased premises used for production, inventory, development, and office space. The Group's operational leases are recognised as capitalised leases (Right of Use Assets), disclosed in the note Tangible Assets.

	GROUP		
Lease Liability	2021	2020	
Opening balance	4.1	2.7	
Amortisation	-0.7	-1.1	
Additions	0.5	2.5	
Interest cost	0.4	0.3	
Paid interest	-0.4	-0.3	
Closing balance	3.9	4.1	

	GRC	OUP
Amounts Recognised in Income Statement	2021	2020
Expenses related to short term leases	-	-
Expenses related to leases of low value	-	-
Depreciation and impairment of right-of-use assets	0.9	1.3
Interest expense (included in financial expense)	0.4	0.3
Interest income (included in financial income)	-	-



GROUP

Amounts Recognised in Cashflow Statement	2021	2020
Amortisation of lease liabilities (included in finance activities)	-0.7	-1.1
Interest expense (included in operating activity cashflow)	-0.4	-0.3
Interest income (included in operating activity cashflow)	-	-
Expenses related to short term leases (included in operating activity cashflow)	-	-
Expenses related to leases of low value (included in operating activity cashflow)	-	-

10 Other Operating Income and Costs

	GROUP		PARENT COMPAN	
Other Income	2021	2020	2021	2020
Exchange gains from operations	5.2	4.4	5.1	5.8
Other income	0.1	-	0.1	-
Total	5.3	4.4	5.2	5.8
Other Costs				
Exchange loss from operations	-2.0	-5.9	-2.6	-6.6
Total	-2.0	-5.9	-2.6	-6.6
Total other operating income and costs	3.3	-1.6	2.6	-0.8

11 Financial Income and Expenses

	GROUP		PARENT COMPANY	
Interest	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest income	-	-	0.1	0.1
Interest cost	-0.5	-0.4	-0.1	-0.1
Total	-0.4	-0.4	-	-
Revaluation Differences of Forward Exchange Contracts and Investmer	its			
Exchange gain, forward contracts	-	1.0	-	1.0
Exchange loss, forward contracts	-2.0	-	-2.2	-
Total	-2.0	1.0	-2.1	1.0
Total financial income and expenses	-2.4	0.6	-2.2	1.0



12 Tax

	GR	GROUP		OMPANY
Income Tax	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current income tax for the year	-0.1	-0.1	-	-
Deferred income tax for the year	4.0	-	4.0	-
Income tax in the income statement	3.9	-0.1	4.0	-
Deferred Tax Asset				
Deferred tax asset brought forward	44.1	44.1	44.1	44.1
Capitalised carry forward tax losses during the year	4.0	-	4.0	-
Accumulated value carried forward	48.1	44.1	48.1	44.1

Deferred tax asset relates to carry forward tax losses in Sweden, only. No tax effects on items included in other comprehensive income. The deferred tax asset calculation is based on historical ten-year average currency rates.

Carry Forward Tax Losses

Based on the filed tax returns prior the financial year, with addition of the calculated taxable result of the financial year.

Country	Valid until	2021	2020	Tax Rate
Sweden	indefinitely	291.6	322.2	20.6%
United Kingdom	indefinitely	31.8	29.9	20.0%
USA*	20 years from the year of filing	22.4	22.2	15-35%
Total		345.8	374.3	20.6%

* Of which USD 2.3 (2.3) million is due within 5 years, USD 0.3 (0.4) million within 10 years.

** SEK 233.5 million (SEK 214.1 million) of the Group's total carried-forward tax losses have been used as the basis of the deferred tax asset calculation. SEK 112.3 million (SEK 160.2 million) of the Group's carried forward tax losses have not yet been used.

	GRC	OUP	PARENT COMPANY	
Tax Expenses Based on Actual Tax Rate	2021	2020	2021	2020
Result before tax	29.0	22.3	26.6	22.1
Tax calculated based on Swedish tax rate	-6.0	-4.8	-5.5	-4.7
Tax effect on utilised carried forward tax losses	6.0	4.8	5.5	4.7
Tax effect on capitalised tax losses	3.9	-0.1	4.0	-0.1
Tax on the result for the period as per the income statements	3.9	-0.1	4.0	-0.1

The income tax rate valid for the Group was 20.6% (21.4%). The income tax rate valid for Sweden was 20.6% (21.4%).

The income tax rate valid for UK was 20% (20%). The income tax rate valid for US was 21% (21%).



13 Intangible Assets*

	Patent & Rights C		Capitalised Development			Total	
GROUP	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Acquisition value brought forward	2.5	5.0	9.2	8.8	11.7	13.8	
Acquisitions during the year							
Research & development	0.1	-	2.0	1.2	2.1	1.2	
Disposals	-	-2.5	-0.7	-0.8	-0.7	-3.3	
Accumulated acquisition carried forward	2.6	2.5	10.5	9.2	13.1	11.7	
Depreciation brought forward	-1.5	-3.9	-4.0	-3.2	-5.5	-7.1	
Depreciation for the year							
Research & development	-0.2	-0.1	-2.0	-1.6	-2.2	-1.7	
Disposals	-	2.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	3.3	
Accumulated depr. carried forward	-1.7	-1.5	-5.5	-4.0	-7.2	-5.5	
Book value carried forward	0.9	1.0	5.0	5.2	5.9	6.2	

	Patent	Patent & Rights Capitalised Development		elopment		Total
PARENT COMPANY	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Acquisition value brought forward	2.5	5.0	9.2	8.8	11.7	13.8
Acquisitions during the year						
Research & development	0.1	-	2.0	1.2	2.1	1.2
Disposals	-	-2.5	-0.7	-0.8	-0.7	-3.3
Accumulated acquisition carried forward	2.6	2.5	10.5	9.2	13.1	11.7
Depreciation brought forward	-1.5	-3.9	-4.0	-3.2	-5.5	-7.1
Depreciation for the year						
Research & development	-0.2	-0.1	-2.0	-1.6	-2.2	-1.7
Disposals	-	2.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	3.3
Accumulated depr. carried forward	-1.7	-1.5	-5.5	-4.0	-7.2	-5.5
Book value carried forward	0.9	1.0	5.0	5.2	5.9	6.2

* All intangible assets are related to Sweden.



14 Tangible Fixed Assets

	Production Equipment, Office Equipment and Computers		Process Control Equipment			Total
GROUP	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Acquisition value brought forward	7.5	6.0	2.2	2.1	9.7	8.1
Acquisitions during the year						
Administration	0.8	1.5	-	0.1	0.8	1.6
Disposals						
Accumulated acquisition carried forward	8.3	7.5	2.2	2.2	10.5	9.7
Depreciation brought forward	-4.8	-4.2	-2.1	-2.1	-6.9	-6.3
Depreciation for the year						
Administration	-0.7	-0.6	-	-	-0.7	-0.6
Disposals						
Accumulated depreciation carried forward	-5.5	-4.8	-2.1	-2.1	-7.6	-6.9
Book value carried forward	2.8	2.7	0.1	0.1	2.9	2.8

Right of Use Assets

Offices & Warehouses		Cars & Photocopiers			Total	
2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
5.5	3.0	0.9	0.9	6.4	3.9	
-	2.5	0.5	-	0.5	2.5	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
5.5	5.5	1.4	0.9	6.9	6.4	
-2.0	-1.0	-0.5	-0.2	-2.5	-1.2	
-0.7	-1.0	-0.2	-0.3	-0.9	-1.3	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-2.7	-2.0	-0.7	-0.5	-3.4	-2.5	
2.8	3.5	0.7	0.4	3.5	3.9	
	2021 5.5 - - 5.5 -2.0 -0.7 - -2.7	2021 2020 5.5 3.0 - 2.5 - - 5.5 5.5 -2.0 -1.0 -0.7 -1.0 - - -2.7 -2.0	2021 2020 2021 5.5 3.0 0.9 - 2.5 0.5 - - - 5.5 5.5 1.4 -2.0 -1.0 -0.5 -0.7 -1.0 -0.2 - - - -2.7 -2.0 -0.7	2021 2020 2021 2020 5.5 3.0 0.9 0.9 - 2.5 0.5 - 5.5 5.5 1.4 0.9 -2.0 -1.0 -0.5 -0.2 -0.7 -1.0 -0.2 -0.3 -2.7 -2.0 -0.7 -0.5	2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 5.5 3.0 0.9 0.9 6.4 - 2.5 0.5 - 0.5 - - - - - 5.5 5.5 1.4 0.9 6.9 -2.0 -1.0 -0.5 -0.2 -2.5 -0.7 -1.0 -0.2 -0.3 -0.9 - - - - - -2.7 -2.0 -0.7 -0.5 -3.4	



	Production Equipment, Office Equipment and Computers		Process Control Equipment			Total
PARENT COMPANY	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Acquisition value brought forward	7.5	6.0	1.8	1.7	9.3	7.7
Acquisitions during the year						
Administration	0.8	1.5	-	0.1	0.8	1.6
Disposals						
Accumulated acquisition carried forward	8.3	7.5	1.8	1.8	10.1	9.3
Depreciation brought forward	-4.8	-4.2	-1.7	-1.7	-6.5	-5.9
Depreciation for the year						
Administration	-0.7	-0.6	-	-	-0.7	-0.6
Disposals						
Accumulated depreciation carried forward	-5.5	-4.8	-1.7	-1.7	-7.2	-6.5
Book value carried forward	2.8	2.7	0.1	0.1	2.9	2.8

All fixed assets in the Parent Company and the Group relate to Sweden. Regarding Right of Use assets, leased premises also exist in Korea and China and company cars also exist in Korea (1), Germany (1) and US (2).

15 Accounts Receivable – Trade

	GROUP	
	2021	2020
Accounts receivable not due	21.4	16.7
Accounts receivable overdue 0-30 days	2.0	3.0
Accounts receivable overdue 31-90 days	2.1	0.9
Accounts receivable overdue 91-180 days	1.5	0.1
Accounts receivable overdue >180 days	-	2.4
Accounts receivables gross	27.0	23.1
Provision for expected credit losses	-1.5	-1.3
Accounts receivables net	25.6	21.8

Accounts receivable net, including provision expected credit losses. The carrying amount of accounts receivable represents the fair value. The provision for expected credit losses refers to account receivables overdue >180 days.

	GRO	JUP
	2021	2020
Opening balance, provision for expected credit losses	1.3	1.2
Additional provisions	0.3	0.1
Reversal previous provisions	-0.1	-
Closing balance	1.5	1.3



16 Other Long Term Receivables

	GROUP		PARENT COMPAN	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Long term customer receivable & deposits	4.5	5.8	4.1	5.5
Deferred Tax Asset	48.1	44.1	48.1	44.1
Total	52.6	49.9	52.3	49.6

* Mainly long term customer receivables and SEK 0.4 million office rental deposits.

17 Inventory

	GR	GROUP		OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Raw material and finished products	9.3	7.6	9.1	7.5
Work in progress	1.1	1.8	1.1	1.8
Total	10.4	9.4	10.3	9.3
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Inventory expensed as cost of goods sold	16.9	16.0	16.4	15.9

18 Other Debtors

	GROUP		PARENT C	OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
VAT and tax receivables	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.5
Other current receivables	0.6	1.1	0.5	1.1
Total	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.6

19 Prepaid Expenses and Accrued Income

	GROUP		PARENT COMPANY	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Prepaid rents	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Prepaid insurance	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
Accrued sales income	0.1	4.0	0.1	3.8
Others	1.0	1.1	0.7	0.8
Total	1.8	5.6	1.5	5.2



20 Long Term Liabilities

	G	GROUP		OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
IFRS 16, long term lease liability	2.4	3.2	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	2.4	3.2	-	-

21 Other Current Liabilities

	GROUP		PARENT COMPA	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Withholding tax and national insurance contributions for employees	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.2
Short term lease liability	1.6	1.0	-	-
Other current liability	1.1	-	1.1	-
Total	4.4	2.5	2.4	1.2

22 Accrued Expenses, Prepaid Income and Provisions

	GRO	GROUP		OMPANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Accrued personnel expenses	6.4	4.4	4.4	3.2
Deferred income	0.3	4.3	0.2	2.9
Others	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.9
Total	7.6	9.8	5.1	7.0

23 The Link Between IFRS 9 Categories and SinterCast Balance Sheet Items in the Balance Sheet

	Financial / Fair Value Profit a		ugh Financial Assets at		Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Other long term receiv.	-	-	4.5	5.8	-	-	4.5	5.8
Trade debtors	-	-	25.6	21.8	-	-	25.6	21.8
Other debtors	-	-	0.6	1.1	-	-	0.6	1.1
Cash and cash eqvns	-	-	27.5	26.3	-	-	27.5	26.3
Accounts payable	-	-	-	-	-3.4	-3.4	-3.4	-3.4
Other current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-4.4	-2.5	-4.4	-2.5
Total	-	-	58.1	55.0	-7.7	-5.9	50.4	49.1

The Group holds short-term investments that are included in cash and bank balances which are valued at level 1 (quoted prices in an active market).



The short-term investments in the form of municipality bonds are managed as a group of financial assets and are reported at fair value through profit and loss.

The carrying amount of financial assets valued at amortised cost and financial liabilities valued at amortised cost represents the fair value.

24 Shares in Subsidiaries for the Parent Company, SinterCast AB (publ)

ALL AMOUNTS IN SEK	2021	2020
Acquisition value brought forward	66,268,332	66,268,332
Accumulated acquisition value carried forward	66,268,332	66,268,332
Impairment brought forward	-64,352,300	-64,352,300
Accumulated impairment carried forward	-64,352,300	-64,352,300
Book value carried forward	1,916,032	1,916,032

List of subsidiaries to SinterCast AB (publ)		Corporate Identification Number	Votes and Equity, %	Book Value 2021	Book Value 2020
SinterCast Trading (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Beijing, China	911101055976721753	100%	1,848,047	1,848,047
SinterCast Korea Co., Ltd	JeonJu-City, Korea	418-81-40366	100%	67,981	67,981
SinterCast Ltd.	London, UK	2021239	100%	1	1
SinterCast, Inc	Chicago, USA	187363	100%	1	1
SinterCast SA de CV	Saltillo, Mexico	SIN960415AY5	100%	1	1
SinterCast Servicios SA de CV	Saltillo, Mexico	SSE960408EX1	100%	1	1
Total				1,916,032	1,916,032

1,916,032 1,916,032



25 Share Capital Development in SinterCast AB (publ)

Number of Shares					
	A*	B**	Total	Par Value (SEK)	Share Capital (SEK)
Share capital as of 1 January 1993	101,200	2,660	103,860	0.50	51,930
March 1993: Share issue I	161,200	2,660	163,860	0.50	81,930
April 1993: Split 10:1	1,612,000	26,600	1,638,600	0.05	81,930
April–May 1993: Share issue II	2,084,600	26,600	2,111,200	0.05	105,560
April–May 1993: Share issue III	2,311,350	26,600	2,337,950	0.05	116,898
December 1993: Bonus issue	2,311,350	26,600	2,337,950	1.00	2,337,950
January 1994: Directed share issue	2,811,350	26,600	2,837,950	1.00	2,837,950
October 1994: Directed share issue	2,811,350	626,600	3,437,950	1.00	3,437,950
October 1995: Directed share issue	3,435,350	626,600	4,061,950	1.00	4,061,950
December 1995: Subscription via warrants	3,435,350	628,600	4,063,950	1.00	4,063,950
June 1996: Subscription via warrants	3,435,350	655,600	4,090,950	1.00	4,090,950
February 2002: Directed share issue	4,235,350	655,600	4,890,950	1.00	4,890,950

Number of Shares					
June 2002: (B shares converted to A)*	4,890,950	1.00	4,890,950		
September 2002: Subscription via warrants	4,900,062	1.00	4,900,062		
November 2003: Subscription via warrants	5,364,200	1.00	5,364,200		
December 2003: Subscription via warrants	5,389,200	1.00	5,389,200		
December 2004: Subscription via warrants	5,552,900	1.00	5,552,900		
September 2009: Directed share issue	6,478,383	1.00	6,478,383		
October 2010: Subscription via warrants	6,930,653	1.00	6,930,653		
December 2010: Subscription via warrants	6,975,653	1.00	6,975,653		
December 2013: Subscription via warrants	7,090,133	1.00	7,090,133		
Share capital	7,090,133	1.00	7,090,133		

* One vote per share

**One tenth vote per share



26 Risk Management, Risks and Uncertainty Factors

All business and share-ownership involves some measure of risk. The risk factors reported herein are not ranked in order of priority or significance, and do not claim to be comprehensive. Shareholders should make their own assessment of each risk factor and its significance for the future development of the company. The risk exposure for SinterCast can be broadly divided into strategic risks, operational risks and financial risks.

The Board of Directors monitors the business development and the associated risks during the Board Meetings. The Board of Directors has established policies to provide a framework for how the various risks that SinterCast can encounter shall be managed and to define the risk exposure with which the business may be operated. The objective of the Board's policies is to maintain a low risk profile regarding financial and legal matters. External monitoring is conducted by auditors and advisors. Internal monitoring takes place in accordance with the operating principles approved by the Board of Directors. Appropriate insurance has been taken against risks associated with assets and interruption of operations and to minimise indemnity risks. Operating procedures have also been implemented to reduce the risk of IT interruptions and recovery procedures have been established. SinterCast is currently not involved in any legal disputes.

Strategic Risks

Market Risk

Uncertainty factors for SinterCast include the timing of OEM decisions for new CGI engines and other components, adherence to start-of-production dates and ramp projections, the global economy for new vehicle sales, technology trends and emissions legislation, and the individual sales success of vehicles equipped with SinterCast-CGI components.

COVID-19 – and related material and labour shortages – remain the dominant near-term risk factors for the global foundry and automotive industries. While it is prudent to expect that series production may be influenced well into 2022, and perhaps beyond, SinterCast remains confident in the long-term growth of CGI. Other factors that may influence the market risk for SinterCast and its enduser industries include the current global political uncertainty, particularly in the Ukraine where the onset of war has impacted market confidence and may disrupt the supply of automotive components from Eastern European suppliers. Other considerations include the renegotiation of international tariffs and free-trade agreements on vehicle sales, climate change legislation and the associated growth of alternative powertrain technologies, and the overall demand for goods transportation.

Product Applications

Series production is diversified between diesel and petrol engines for passenger vehicles including cars, SUVs and pick-ups; commercial vehicle cylinder blocks and heads; and other applications such as automotive components and industrial power components. During 2021, the SinterCast production mix was approximately 55% (60%) passenger vehicle, 40% (35%) commercial vehicle and 5% (5%) other components. This diversification, combined with the delivery of SinterCast-CGI castings to more than 30 different end-users in five continents, helps to mitigate the risk of cyclical demand in any one sector or for any one customer. SinterCast also endeavours to offset the risk in its current customer activities by developing new products and applications. The SinterCast Tracking Technologies provide the opportunity for supplemental revenue beyond the core CGI business.

Alternative Technologies and Emissions Legislation

The business development of SinterCast is strongly linked to the internal combustion engine, particularly the diesel engine. Recent events in the global passenger vehicle market have increased the scrutiny on internal combustion engines and some governments are revisiting emissions legislation. New legislation can present a hindrance to the



market demand for passenger cars with internal combustion engines. Currently, 10% of the SinterCast series production is for full-size pick-ups; 40% is for Super Duty pick-ups; and, 40% is for commercial vehicles. Accordingly, 90% of the SinterCast volume is within the sectors that benefit most from internal combustion engines. For long-haul commercial vehicles, which represent the largest growth opportunity for CGI, diesel engines are expected to remain the dominant powertrain technology well beyond 2030, providing long-term market opportunities.

In the meantime, the internal combustion engine, will continue to make efficiency improvements to defend its position as a cost-efficient and convenient powertrain option. These gains will include downsizing, increased thermal and mechanical loading, and increased specific performance. These developments can benefit from stronger materials such as CGI.

Code of Conduct

The Board of Directors has established a Code of Conduct to guide the way that the company is represented. The guidelines provided in the Code of Conduct are established to reinforce the recognition, respect and leadership position that SinterCast enjoys in industry and in society. SinterCast is committed to high and consistent standards of integrity and ethics. The Board and the management are committed to leading by example and to ensuring that the Code of Conduct is honoured by all employees, Board members and key suppliers.

Operational Risks

Major Customers

In recent years, SinterCast has actively worked to expand its customer base in order to reduce its dependence on individual foundry customers. As of 31 March 2021, SinterCast has 55 installations in 14 countries and 11 different languages. In 2021, the three largest customers represented SEK 50.2 million (SEK 44.5 million), SEK 20.9 million (SEK 14.6 million) and SEK 8.0 million (SEK 8.1 million) of the company's sales while the five largest customers accounted for approximately SEK 89.8 million (SEK 76.3 million) of sales. As a result, the loss of a single foundry customer, capacity constraints at any such customer, or stoppages in the production of any highvolume engine programme could – at least in the short term – have a significant negative impact on the company's revenue and result.

Key Personnel

For the foreseeable future, SinterCast will be dependent on the expertise and creativity of a core group of key personnel. These people have the knowledge, experience and contacts that develop and support the underlying technology and that maintain the customer support and sales activities. The departure of one or more of these individuals could have a negative effect on the company's business. The Board of Directors has implemented short-term and long-term incentive programmes to manage this risk and to motivate, retain and reward employees. The recent recruitment of technical and administrative staff has also helped to distribute the core know-how and broaden the competence within the company. SinterCast strives to provide a challenging and rewarding work environment.

Patents and Intellectual Property Rights

The company has implemented a strategy to protect its technology through patents or other intellectual property rights to preserve its leading position within liquid metal process control. The company applies for patents in selected countries that are relevant to the foundry and/or automotive industries, while retaining some core technology as knowhow. However, there is no guarantee that the company will continue to be granted patents in the relevant geographic markets or will be able to defend the patents that have been granted. There is also a risk that new technologies may be developed which circumvent the company's patents. During the recent years, as the SinterCast technology has evolved, the company allowed selected patents to lapse, as it was judged that continued payment of the national phase annuities for these patents would not provide a return on the investment.

Risk for Claims

The risk for claims refers to the costs that SinterCast could incur to replace or rectify non-conforming or defective products or systems and the possible costs for customer-levied penalties. SinterCast endeavours to resolve any claim guickly and efficiently to ensure customer satisfaction and loyalty, even if such resolutions result in short term costs. The Group's cost for claims amounted to less than one percent of turnover. SinterCast strives to minimise its risks for claims by means of comprehensive testing during the development phase, through guality control, planned customer visits and proactive customer support.

Financial Risks and Financial Instruments

The Board of Directors has established the SinterCast finance policy to provide a framework for how different types of financial risks shall be managed and to define the risk exposure with which the business may be operated. The objective of this policy is to maintain a low risk profile. In general, risks and principles are applicable for both the Parent Company and the Group. Please see "Accounting Policies" for more detailed information regarding the SinterCast classification of financial instruments.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group's short term cash and cash equivalents requirements may not be met. Planning of the Group's future requirements for liquid funds is facilitated by continuously updating the Group's requirements for liquidity over a 12-month period. The Board must be promptly notified of any sudden or expected decline in the Group liquidity. The risk is limited by holding sufficient cash and cash equivalents and if necessary, securing granted but unused credit facilities that can be utilised without conditions, for at least a 12-month period. The liquidity risk is considered as low.

Liquidity	Group		Group Parent Co		mpany
Amounts in SEK million	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Bonds, fixed income instruments	-	1.0	-	1.0	

Cash at bank	27.5	25.3	23.7	21.7
Total	27.5	26.3	23.7	22.7

Maturity Structure	20	21	2020		
Group (Parent Company)	Total	<30 days	Total	<30 days	
Total cash & equivalents	25.7(23.7)	27.2(23.4)	26.3(22.7)	25.7(22.1)	
Receivables	29.6(25.1)	2.0(2.0)	27.2(21.2)	3.0(3.0)	
Income from leases	0.1(0.1)	0.0(0.0)	0.1(0.1)	0.0(0.0)	
Total	57.2(48.9)	29.2(25.4)	53.6(44.0)	28.7(25.1)	
Total payable, ex salaries	4.1(3.9)	4.1(3.9)	4.2(4.0)	4.1(3.9)	
Expenses from leases	2.0(1.4)	0.2(0.1)	1.8(1.2)	0.1(0.1)	
Total	6.1(5.3)	4.3(4.0)	6.0(5.2)	4.2(5.3)	

Refinancing Risk

Refinancing risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to raise new loans or to refinance existing loans, when falling due. Planning of the Group's future finance requirements is facilitated by continuously updating the Group's finance forecasts over a five year period, and reviewing existing loans, if any. Currently, the SinterCast Group has no external loans. Only the Board can approve new loans.

Credit Risk, Customers and Deposits

Credit risk is the risk that any counterparty may not be able to fulfil its commitments and, as a consequence, the Group suffers a loss. Prior to entering a business relationship with a new customer, professional credit information about the customer is obtained and reviewed. Before offering credit, financing guarantee products that provide cover against payment risks are evaluated and the credit terms and terms of payments are determined accordingly. This is also valid regarding deposits. Credit risk in excess of SEK 7 million must be approved by the Board. Credit risk is handled by the Group's finance function. Credits are systematically monitored and followed up. The majority of the Group's customers are large, well-known companies and organisations. The credit risk is distributed among the majority of the customers. Historical bad debt losses have been insignificant. However, the



most recent years we have experienced an increase in bad debts. SinterCast operates with credit insurance, with individual limits for each customer. Provision for bad debts has been made amounting to SEK 1.5 million (SEK 1.3 million).

Credit Risk	Gro	up	Parent Co	mpany
Amounts in SEK million	2021	2020	2021	2020
Receivables, not due	21.4	16.7	17.1	16.2
Due <30 days	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0
Due 31-90 days	2.1	0.9	2.0	0.8
Due 91-180 days	1.5	0.1	1.4	0.1
Due > 180 days	-	2.4	-	2.4
Provision bad debts	-1.5	-1.3	-1.5	-1.3
Total trade receivables	25.6	21.8	21.0	21.2

Bond investments shall be made in bond funds such that all funds shall be Standard & Poors BBB or above, with a maximum of 50% of the funds allocated to the BBB class. The Group shall not invest in securities or funds which are exposed to long term interest rate risks.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that variations in interest rates will have a negative impact on the Group results. The aim is to minimise the interest rate risk by investing the Group's liquid funds in a wellbalanced portfolio. Interest rate risk exists in short term investments, bank deposits, lease liabilities and outstanding loans due to variability of interest rates. An interest rate change of one percentage point up or down corresponds to an interest risk of approximately SEK 0.0 million for SinterCast's short term investments and bank deposits.

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of future flows, loans, and equity may change as a result of foreign exchange rate fluctuations. This risk can be further subdivided as follows:

Transaction exposure is the risk that the value in Swedish krona of actual and estimated net inflows in foreign currencies varies with the exchange rate. The net inflow of exposed currencies shall be budgeted for the next 12 months and presented to the Group's banks and other financial advisors for guidance on future hedging. The hedging for the following year will thereafter be decided by the Board.

|--|

Currency	2021	2020	Diff
Sold			
USD	10.9	7.0	3.9
EUR	0.5	1.9	-1.4
Bought			
GBP	0.5	1.1	-0.6
SEK	92.8	72.8	20.0

The Group's net inflow of foreign currency primarily consists of USD and EUR while its expenses are primarily in SEK. Increased revenue in foreign currency will increase the transaction exposure and increased expenses outside Sweden paid in USD or EUR will increased the natural hedge of the USD and EUR inflow and thereby reduce the transaction exposure.

The net surplus of foreign currency primarily consists of USD and EUR which are primarily exchanged to SEK and GBP. During 2021, foreign currencies exchanged to SEK amounted to approximately USD 10.9 million (USD 7.0 million) and EUR 0.5 million (EUR 1.9 million). Foreign currencies exchanged to GBP amounted to approximately USD 0.5 million (USD 1.1 million).

During 2021, the average USD/SEK exchange rate decreased by 7%, from 9.5 to 8.6. The EUR/SEK exchange rate decreased by 3% from 10.5 to 10.1.

Average Exchange Rate Changes Major

2021	2020	%
8.6	9.2	-7%
10.1	10.5	-3%
11.8	11.8	0%
	8.6 10.1	8.6 9.2 10.1 10.5



The exchange rate movement in these currencies in 2021 effected the net currency flow by approximately SEK -6.9 million (SEK 0.7 million).

Exchange Rate Movements in Net Currency Flow			
(SEK)	2021	2020	Diff
USD	-6.7	-0.2	-6.5
EUR	-0.2	-	-0.2
Total	-6.9	-0.2	-6.7

An exchange rate increase of 10 percent in the main net currency flows versus SEK, has an effect of approximately (USD) SEK 9.3 million and (EUR) SEK 0.5 million on the future net currency flows.

Risk in Net Currency flow

(+10%)	2021	2020	Diff
USD	9.3	6.4	2.9
EUR	0.5	2.0	-1.5
Total	9.8	8.4	1.4

All presented figures above are before consideration of hedges made in accordance with the Finance Policy. The combined currency movement, phasing on conversions made and other currency effects, excluding hedges, on the Income Statement during 2021, amounted to approximately SEK 3.2 million (SEK -1.6 million.)

In accordance with the Group's Finance Policy, part of the expected and budgeted flow of USD and EUR was hedged for the following 12-month period. Outstanding currency forward exchange contracts on the balance sheet date were:

Forward Exchange Contracts

Amounts in SE	< million	2021		2020
	Total	<6 month	Total <6	month
USD	0.4	0.4	1.2	0.8
EUR	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.2

Translation exposure is the risk of holding net assets in a foreign subsidiary (i.e. subsidiaries with a base currency other than SEK). Currently, the net assets in foreign subsidiaries are not hedged. This is reviewed on a yearly basis, in conjunction with the Finance Policy review and approval. Any changes to the hedge decision must be approved by the Board.

The value of the Group's net assets, meaning the difference between capital employed and net debt, amounted to SEK 10.9 million, (SEK 8.3 million) and was distributed among the following currencies:

Net Assets in Foreign Subsidiaries

Amounts in SEK million	2021	2020
USD	5.8	4.5
GBP	3.7	2.3
KRW	1.0	0.9
RMB	0.7	0.4
MEX	-	0.2

If the currency moves 10% towards SEK, the following translation effect will arise, and will affect the result before tax correspondingly.

Translation Risk in Net Assets in Subsidiaries

2021	2020
0.6	0.5
0.4	0.2
0.1	0.1
0.1	-
	0.6 0.4 0.1

Loan exposure is the risk of holding loans denominated in a foreign currency, which are not used to hedge the transaction or equity position. The matching principle is applied to funds borrowed externally. Accordingly, if possible, money is raised, or hedged, in the currency in which it is intended to invest the funds. Internal loans are denominated in the currency of the lender. External foreign currency loans must be approved by the Board.

Capital Risk

Capital Risk is the risk that the Group's capital structure is not efficient or that there are risks to cease the Group's operation.



The Group's objective in respect of the capital structure is to optimise the capital structure in order to secure that SinterCast is able to continue to conduct its operations so that it can generate a return for shareholders and value for other stakeholders and in order to maintain an optimal capital structure so that the cost of capital can be reduced. To manage the capital structure, the Group must seek approval from the shareholders to issue new shares, buy-back shares or distribute dividends. The capital structure

is regularly monitored and the Board is updated of the current capital structure and provided with proposals to be decided upon. The Group equity on the balance sheet day amounted to SEK 113.8 million (SEK 108.8 million). The equity of SinterCast AB amounted to SEK 102.9 million (SEK 100.7 million). The foreign subsidiaries have been financed by internal loans and equity.

27 Events After the Balance Sheet Date

The following press releases and events are noted:

- 17 January 2022 Preliminary results 2021
- 8 February 2022 SinterCast Results October-December 2021
- Russian invasion of Ukraine increases market uncertainty

There have been no other significant events since the balance sheet date of 31 December 2021 that could materially change these financial statements.

The balance sheets and the income statements shall be presented for approval at the Annual General Meeting of shareholders on 17 May 2022.



28 Proposed Allocation of Profits in SinterCast AB (publ)

The following earnings in the Parent Company are at the disposal of the Annual General Meeting.

Amounts in SEK	
Share premium reserve	35,336,610
Result brought forward	15,347,482
Result for the year	30,571,935
Total non-restricted equity of the Parent Company	81,256,027

The Board of Directors proposes to the AGM that earnings be distributed as follows.

Amounts in SEK	
A dividend of SEK 5.0 per share shall be distributed	35,450,665
To be retained by the Parent Company	45,805,362
Total	81,256,027
* of which Share premium reserve	35,336,610

29 Definitions

Definitions and reconciliation

The European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) has issued guidelines regarding alternate key ratios for listed companies. Alternative ratios relate to financial key figures and share data used by management to control and evaluate the Group's business, other than those defined in the applicable financial reporting framework (IFRS). These ratios are also considered to be of interest to external investors and analysts who monitor the company. The key ratios are calculated according to the following definitions using the figures presented in the financial statements. According to management judgement, reconciliation of the key ratios has not been presented because the calculations are based on non-adjusted figures.

Operating margin %	Average number of shares adjusted for dilution
Operating results as percentage of revenue	Weighted average of the number of shares for the period adjusted
Solidity %	for dilution
Adjusted shareholders' equity expressed as percentage of total	Earnings per share
assets end of period	Result for the period divided by the average number of shares
Equity per share	Earnings per share, diluted
Shareholders' equity divided by the average number of shares	Result for the period divided by the average number of shares
Capital employed	adjusted for dilution
Total assets less non-interest-bearing liabilities	Dividend per share
Return on shareholders' equity %	Dividend divided by the number of shares
Result for the period as a percentage of average shareholders'	Cashflow from operations per share
equity	Cashflow from operations divided by the number of shares
Return on capital employed %	Share price at the end of the period
Result for the period as a percentage of average capital employed	Latest paid price for the SinterCast share at NASDAQ Stockholm
Return on total assets %	stock exchange
Result for the period as a percentage of total average assets	Value presented as "0.0"
Average number of shares	Amount below SEK 50,000
Weighted average of the number of shares outstanding for the	Value presented as "-"
period	No amount applicable



Signatures

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director declare that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU and give a fair view of the Group's financial position and results of operations. The financial statements of the Parent Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Sweden and give a true and fair view of the Parent Company's financial position and results of the operations. The Directors' Report of the Group and the Parent Company provides a fair review of the development of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations, financial position and results of the operations, and describes material risks and uncertainties facing the Parent Company and the companies included in the Group.

Stockholm 23 March 2022

Jan Åke Jonsson Chairman of the Board Robert Dover Member of the Board Jun Arimoto Member of the Board

Steve Gill Member of the Board Åsa Källenius Member of the Board Steve Dawson Member of the Bord & Managing Director

Our audit report was submitted on 23 March 2022 KPMG AB

> Jonas Eriksson Authorised Public Accountant



KPMG Auditor's Report

To the general meeting of the shareholders of SinterCast AB (publ), corp. id 556233-6494

Report on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts

Opinions

We have audited the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of SinterCast AB (publ) for the year 2021, except for the corporate governance statement on pages 24-32. The annual accounts and consolidated accounts of the company are included on pages 20-72 in this document.

In our opinion, the annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act, and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the parent company as of 31 December 2021 and its financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the group as of 31 December 2021 and their financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the EU, and the Annual Accounts Act. Our opinions do not cover the corporate governance statement on pages 24-32. The statutory administration report is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

We therefore recommend that the general meeting of shareholders adopts the income statement and balance sheet for the parent company and the group.

Our opinions in this report on the the annual accounts and consolidated accounts are consistent with the content of the additional report that has been submitted to the parent company's audit committee in accordance with the Audit Regulation (537/2014) Article 11.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. This includes that, based on the best of our knowledge and belief, no prohibited services referred to in the Audit Regulation (537/2014) Article 5.1 have been provided to the audited company or, where applicable, its parent company or its controlled companies within the EU.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters of the audit are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of, and in forming our opinion thereon, the annual accounts and consolidated accounts as a whole, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Deferred tax asset - valuation of tax losses carried forward

See disclosure 12 and accounting principles on pages 41 and 48 in the annual account and consolidated accounts for detailed information and description of the matter.

Description of key audit matter

The consolidated and the parent company's balance sheet include 'Deferred taxes'. As per year end 2021, whis amounts to SEK 48,1 (44,1) million, which corresponds to 38% of balance sheet totals and is attributable to taxable deficit deductions in Sweden of SEK 233,5 (214,1) million of which could be used against future taxable surpluses according to the company management's assessment. Details of the total tax losses are disclosed in note 12 in the financial statements.

The estimation of future taxable surpluses requires both judgment and interpretations of the tax legislation as estimates of future market conditions. The accounted value of deferred taxes may vary significantly if other assumptions is used when expecting future profits and the possibilities to use the deficit deductions.

The company management assesses that the utilization of tax losses carried forward are limited to future earnings from secured CGI programs. The future taxable income which can be offset against tax losses carry forward is calculated, based on a mathematical model. With reference to that the accounted value of the deferred taxes are based on judgments of applicable law and future profits, there is a risk that the value could be over- or underestimated and every correction of the value directly affects the period's result, whereof the valuation of the deficit deductions is deemed to be a key audit matter.

Response in the audit

Our audit has included the following:

• We have obtained the mathematical model and assessed if it is mathematical correct and if it is consistently applied. Also, applied exchange rates have been reviewed.

Translation from the Swedish original

- We have assessed the reasonableness of the calculation by comparing estimated future production rates, revenue and cost levels against historical information in the company's system and we have
- Compared revenue data that is applied in the model against underlying agreements on sample basis.
- We have challenged management assessments as to whether the data relating to future taxable income is reasonable and if there are any known changes regarding income from production fees and consumables.
- We have also made inquiries to management and board regarding the fairness and sustainability of future production levels and revenues.

We have also assessed the underlying facts and circumstances which is presented in the annual report and reviewed if the information is extensive enough to understand the company management's assessment.





Other Information than the annual accounts and consolidated accounts

This document also contains other information than the annual accounts and consolidated accounts and is found on pages 2-19 and on the pages 77-80. The other information comprises also of the remuneration report which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for this other information.

Our opinion on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts does not cover this other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion regarding this other information.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, our responsibility is to read the information identified above and consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. In this procedure we also take into account our knowledge otherwise obtained in the audit and assess whether the information otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we, based on the work performed concerning this information, conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts and that they give a fair presentation in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and, concerning the consolidated accounts, in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts and consolidated accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the annual accounts and consolidated accounts The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the

Auditor's responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts and consolidated accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the company's internal control relevant to our audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director.

assessment of the company's and the group's ability to continue as a going concern. They disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting. The going concern basis of accounting is however not applied if the Board of Directors and the Managing Director intend to liquidate the company, to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee shall, without prejudice to the Board of Director's responsibilities and tasks in general, among other things oversee the company's financial reporting process.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' and the Managing Director's, use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. We also draw a conclusion, based on the audit evidence obtained, as to whether any material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's and the group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts and consolidated accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion about the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a company and a group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the annual accounts and consolidated accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated accounts. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our opinions.

We must inform the Board of Directors of, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit. We must also inform of significant audit findings during our audit, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified.

We must also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, measures that have been taken to eliminate the threats or related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, including the most important assessed risks for material misstatement, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in the auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes disclosure about the matter.

Auditor's report SinterCast AB (publ), corp. id 556233-6494, 2021





Audit Report

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements Auditor's audit of the administration and the proposed appropriations of profit or loss

Opinions

In addition to our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, we have also audited the administration of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director of SinterCast AB (publ) for the year 2021 and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss. We recommend to the general meeting of shareholders that the profit be appropriated in accordance with the proposal in the statutory administration report and that the members of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director be discharged from liability for the financial year.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors is responsible for the proposal for appropriations of the company's profit or loss. At the proposal of a dividend, this includes an assessment of whether the dividend is justifiable considering the requirements which the company's and the group's type of operations, size and risks place on the size of the parent company's and the group's equity, consolidation requirements, liquidity and position in general.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the company's organization and the administration of the company's affairs. This includes among other things continuous assessment of the company's and the

Auditor's responsibility

Our objective concerning the audit of the administration, and thereby our opinion about discharge from liability, is to obtain audit evidence to assess with a reasonable degree of assurance whether any member of the Board of Directors or the Managing Director in any material respect:

- has undertaken any action or been guilty of any omission which can give rise to liability to the company, or
- in any other way has acted in contravention of the Companies Act, the Annual Accounts Act or the Articles of Association.

Our objective concerning the audit of the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss, and thereby our opinion about this, is to assess with reasonable degree of assurance whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect actions or omissions that can give rise to liability to the company, or that the

group's financial situation and ensuring that the company's organization is designed so that the accounting, management of assets and the company's financial affairs otherwise are controlled in a reassuring manner.

The Managing Director shall manage the ongoing administration according to the Board of Directors' guidelines and instructions and among other matters take measures that are necessary to fulfill the company's accounting in accordance with law and handle the management of assets in a reassuring manner.

proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss are not in accordance with the Companies Act.

As part of an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. The examination of the administration and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss is based primarily on the audit of the accounts. Additional audit procedures performed are based on our professional judgment with starting point in risk and materiality. This means that we focus the examination on such actions, areas and relationships that are material for the operations and where deviations and violations would have particular importance for the company's situation. We examine and test decisions undertaken, support for decisions, actions taken and other circumstances that are relevant to our opinion concerning discharge from liability. As a basis for our opinion on the Board of Directors' proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss we examined the Board of Directors' reasoned statement and a selection of supporting evidence in order to be able to assess whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

The auditor's examination of the Esef report

Opinion

In addition to our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, we have also examined that the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have prepared the annual accounts and consolidated accounts in a format that enables uniform electronic reporting (the Esef report) pursuant to Chapter 16, Section 4(a) of the Swedish Securities Market Act (2007:528) for SinterCast AB (publ) for year 2021.

Our examination and our opinion relate only to the statutory requirements.

In our opinion, the Esef report #[OiNLf9DOIzBbSxw=] has been prepared in a format that, in all material respects, enables uniform electronic reporting.

Basis for opinion

We have performed the examination in accordance with FAR's recommendation RevR 18 *Examination of the Esef report.* Our responsibility under this recommendation is described in more detail in the Auditors' responsibility section. We are independent of SinterCast AB (publ) in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation of the Esef report in accordance with the Chapter 16, Section 4(a) of the Swedish Securities Market Act (2007:528), and for such internal control that the Board of Directors and the Managing Director determine is necessary to prepare the Esef report without material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's report SinterCast AB (publ), corp. id 556233-6494, 2021



Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Esef report is in all material respects prepared in a format that meets the requirements of Chapter 16, Section 4(a) of the Swedish Securities Market Act (2007:528), based on the procedures performed.

RevR 18 requires us to plan and execute procedures to achieve reasonable assurance that the Esef report is prepared in a format that meets these requirements.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an engagement carried out according to RevR 18 and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Esef report.

The audit firm applies ISQC 1 Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and other Assurance and Related Services Engagements and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control, including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with professional ethical requirements, professional standards and legal and regulatory requirements.

The examination involves obtaining evidence, through various procedures, that the Esef report has been prepared in a format that enables uniform electronic reporting of the annual

accounts and consolidated accounts. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the report, whether due to fraud or error. In carrying out this risk assessment, and in order to design procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, the auditor considers those elements of internal control that are relevant to the preparation of the Esef report by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of those internal controls. The examination also includes an evaluation of the appropriateness and reasonableness of the assumptions made by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director.

The procedures mainly include a technical validation of the Esef report, i.e. if the file containing the Esef report meets the technical specification set out in the Commission's Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 and a reconciliation of the Esef report with the audited annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

Furthermore, the procedures also include an assessment of whether the Esef report has been marked with iXBRL which enables a fair and complete machine-readable version of the consolidated statement of financial performance, financial position, changes in equity and cash flow.

The auditor's examination of the corporate governance statement

The Board of Directors is responsible for that the corporate governance statement on pages 24-32 has been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

Our examination of the corporate governance statement is conducted in accordance with FAR's auditing standard RevR 16 The auditor's examination of the corporate governance statement. This means that our examination of the corporate governance statement is different and substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. We believe that the examination has provided us with sufficient basis for our opinions.

A corporate governance statement has been prepared. Disclosures in accordance with chapter 6 section 6 the second paragraph points 2-6 of the Annual Accounts Act and chapter 7 section 31 the second paragraph the same law are consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts and are in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

KPMG AB, Box 382, 101 27, Stockholm, was appointed auditor of SinterCast AB (publ) by the general meeting of the shareholders on the May 18th 2021. KPMG AB or auditors operating at KPMG AB have been the company's auditor since 2020.

Stockholm

KPMG AB

Jonas Eriksson

Authorized Public Accountant



Historical Summary – Group

Profit and Loss accounts Revenue 107.4 95.4 116.5 87.7 Operating result 31.5 21.7 40.1 29.4 Financial net -2.4 0.6 -0.2 - Tax 3.9 -0.1 8.3 3.3 Result for the year 32.9 22.2 48.2 32.7 Cashflow analysis Cashflow from operations before change in working capital 32.5 25.4 43.0 31.6 Cashflow from operations before change in working capital 0.9 -3.3 -5.2 -6.8 Cashflow from operations 33.4 22.1 37.8 24.8 Cashflow from operations -3.2 -2.8 -1.2 -2.6 Cashflow from investments -3.2 -2.8 -1.2 -2.6 Cashflow from financial operations -29.1 -25.9 -36.5 -19.5 Exchange rate differences in cash and cash equivalents 0.1 - - - Change in cash position 1.2 -6.6 0.1 2.7 Balance sheet - - - -	65.6 17.7 0.9 18.6 -2.0 16.9 -3.7 -28.4 -15.2
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Total shareholders' equity and liabilities131.5127.7127.6110.2	
	8.9
	94.7
Key ratios	
Operating margin, % 29.3 22.7 34.4 33.5	27.0
Solidity, % 86.6 85.2 89.7 90.0	90.6
Capital employed 116.2 112.0 113.6 99.2	85.8
Return on shareholders' equity, % 29.6 20.2 45.7 35.4	20.5
Return on capital employed, % 28.9 19.7 45.7 35.4	20.5
Return on total assets, % 25.4 17.4 40.5 31.9	18.4
Earnings per share, SEK 4.6 3.1 6.8 4.6	2.6
Dividend per share, SEK 4.0 3.5 5.0 2.8	4.0
Cashflow from operations/share, SEK 4.7 3.9 5.3 3.5	2.4
Employees	
Number of employees at the end of the period 30 28 23 21	2
Average number of employees 29 26 22 21	
Definition of key ratios can be found in Note 29.	2



SinterCast Share

The SinterCast share has been listed and quoted on the Small Cap segment of the Nasdaq Stockholm stock exchange, since 26 April 1993. ABG Sundal Collier is the appointed liquidity provider for the SinterCast share in order to improve the volume and thereby the liquidity, and to decrease the difference between quoted prices. ABG Sundal Collier undertakes to continuously, for its own account, and during the opening hours of the Nasdaq Stockholm stock exchange, quote prices for the SinterCast share in accordance with the at all times prevailing minimum requirements for liquidity providers set out by Nasdaq Stockholm. The SinterCast share capital on 31 December 2021 was SEK 7,090,133 (SEK 7,090,133 on 31 December 2020) at par value of SEK 1 per share.

SinterCast had approximately 3,700 (4,000) shareholders on 31 December 2021. As of 31 December 2021, the SinterCast Board, management and employees controlled 1.1% (1.1%) of total shares.

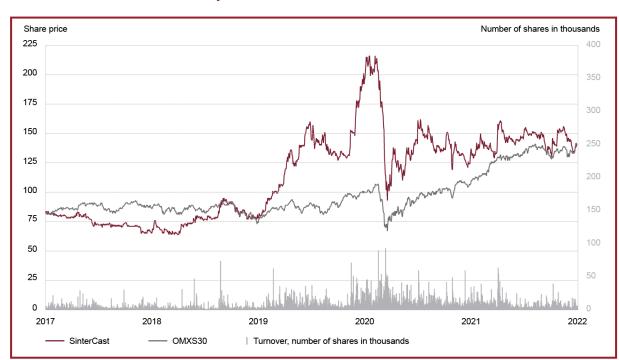
SinterCast Major Shareholder 31 December 2021

Avanza Pension 1,226,395 17.3% Nordnet Pension Insurance 796,987 11.2% Lars Ahlström Dbo 326,875 4.6% Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management 259,665 3.7% Ulf Stenbeck inkl. bolag 252,000 3.6% VLTCM Ltd 191,983 2.7% Jan Olof Brandels 176,424 2.5% Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,655 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5%	Major Shareholders	Shares	%
Lars Ahlström Dbo 326,875 4.6% Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management 259,665 3.7% Ulf Stenbeck inkl. bolag 252,000 3.6% VLTCM Ltd 191,983 2.7% Jan Olof Brandels 176,424 2.5% Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,655 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5%	Avanza Pension	1,226,395	17.3%
Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management 259,665 3.7% Ulf Stenbeck inkl. bolag 252,000 3.6% VLTCM Ltd 191,983 2.7% Jan Olof Brandels 176,424 2.5% Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,655 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5%	Nordnet Pension Insurance	796,987	11.2%
Ulf Stenbeck inkl. bolag 252,000 3.6% VLTCM Ltd 191,983 2.7% Jan Olof Brandels 176,424 2.5% Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,655 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Lars Ahlström Dbo	326,875	4.6%
VLTCM Ltd 191,983 2.7% Jan Olof Brandels 176,424 2.5% Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management	259,665	3.7%
Jan Olof Brandels 176,424 2.5% Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,870 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Ulf Stenbeck inkl. bolag	252,000	3.6%
Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB 155,000 2.2% Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	VLTCM Ltd	191,983	2.7%
Måns Flodberg 140,000 2.0% eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5%	Jan Olof Brandels	176,424	2.5%
eQ Asset Management Oy 129,800 1.8% Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5%	Bergsjöholm Förvaltning AB	155,000	2.2%
Franz Jörgen Holm 60,000 0.9% Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5%	Måns Flodberg	140,000	2.0%
Torbjörn Gustafsson 51,011 0.7% Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	eQ Asset Management Oy	129,800	1.8%
Martin Karlberg 50,000 0.7% Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Franz Jörgen Holm	60,000	0.9%
Swedbank Insurance 45,579 0.6% Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5%	Torbjörn Gustafsson	51,011	0.7%
Fredrik Dahlgren 43,910 0.6% Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB 43,655 0.6% Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Martin Karlberg	50,000	0.7%
Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB43,6550.6%Jörgen Gyllensten43,5700.6%Handelsbanken Funds42,8480.6%Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB38,8620.6%Ulf Aspenberg38,7340.6%Steve Dawson37,5000.5%Christer Svärd34,4780.5%Sven Persson33,3330.5%C. Lundh Holding AB33,0000.5%Håkan Carlsson31,0000.4%	Swedbank Insurance	45,579	0.6%
Jörgen Gyllensten 43,570 0.6% Handelsbanken Funds 42,848 0.6% Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Fredrik Dahlgren	43,910	0.6%
Handelsbanken Funds42,8480.6%Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB38,8620.6%Ulf Aspenberg38,7340.6%Steve Dawson37,5000.5%Christer Svärd34,4780.5%Sven Persson33,3330.5%C. Lundh Holding AB33,0000.5%Håkan Carlsson31,0000.4%	Andersson Johansson Art Invest AB	43,655	0.6%
Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB 38,862 0.6% Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Jörgen Gyllensten	43,570	0.6%
Ulf Aspenberg 38,734 0.6% Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Handelsbanken Funds	42,848	0.6%
Steve Dawson 37,500 0.5% Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Handelsbanken Life Insurance AB	38,862	0.6%
Christer Svärd 34,478 0.5% Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Ulf Aspenberg	38,734	0.6%
Sven Persson 33,333 0.5% C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Steve Dawson	37,500	0.5%
C. Lundh Holding AB 33,000 0.5% Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Christer Svärd	34,478	0.5%
Håkan Carlsson 31,000 0.4%	Sven Persson	33,333	0.5%
	C. Lundh Holding AB	33,000	0.5%
Total top 25 4,282,609 60.4%	Håkan Carlsson	31,000	0.4%
	Total top 25	4,282,609	60.4%

Country	Number of shares	Number of known owners
Sweden	6,267,394	3,597
United Kingdom	309,894	18
Cayman Islands	191,983	1
Finland	135,336	13
Spain	27,081	4
France	21,737	2
Luxembourg	14,199	4
Denmark	12,836	20
United States	10,980	7
Norway	10,453	16
Others	88,240	32
Total	7,090,133	~3,700

Size class	Number of shares	Number of known owners
1 - 1,000	632,380	3,219
1,001 - 2,000	275,936	188
2,001 - 5,000	559,536	166
5,001 - 10,000	431,094	61
10,001 - 20,000	606,894	45
20,001 - 50,000	750,551	23
50,001 - 100,000	111,011	2
100,001 - 500,000	1,631,747	8
500,001 -	2,023,382	2
Anonymous own.	67,602	-
Total	7,090,133	~3,700





SinterCast Share January 2017–December 2021

Share Data

Amounts in SEK	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Number of shares at the end of the period	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133
Average number of shares during the period	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133
Average number of shares during the period adjusted for outstanding warrants1	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133	7,090,133
Earnings per share	4.6	3.1	6.8	4.6	2.6
Earnings per share diluted	4.6	3.1	6.8	4.6	2.6
Equity per share	16.0	15.3	15.8	14.0	12.1
Equity per share adjusted for outstanding warrants	16.0	15.3	15.8	14.0	12.1
Dividends per share	4.0	3.5	5.0	2.8	4.0
Share price at the end of the period	140.8	124.2	195.0	80.8	65.0
Highest share price during the period	163.0	222.0	195.5	94.6	83.8
Lowest share price during the period	123.0	91.6	78.0	63.8	64.5
Number of shareholders	3,714	3,999	4,019	2,783	2,909
Non-Swedish shareholdings, % of share capital	11.5	18.0	17.0	19.0	19.0
Swedish shareholdings, % of share capital	88.5	82.0	83.0	81.0	81.0
Market value, SEK million	998.3	880.6	1382.6	572.9	460.9

Notes:

1 Calculated as per the recommendations of IAS 33 For definitions see Note 29



Important Dates

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting 2022 will be held on 17 May 2022.

Information

The financial report January–March 2022 will be published on 27 April 2022.

The financial report April–June 2022 will be published on 17 August 2022.

The financial report July–September 2022 will be published on 4 November 2022.

The financial report October–December and Full Year Results 2022 will be published on 8 February 2023.

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